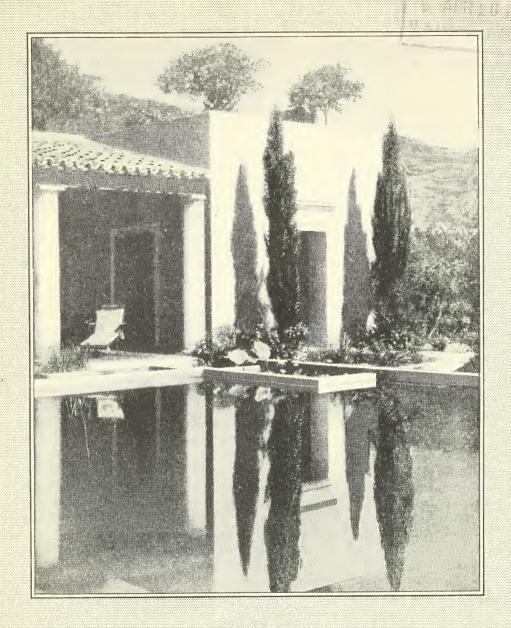
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1026 THE PROOF



ROSE HILL NURSERY

Minneapolis

Saint Paul

Established 1874

GIVE LIVING GIFTS

HY NOT celebrate anniversaries by giving living things—trees, evergreens, shrubs and perennial flowers? These gifts grow into usefulness and beauty and make your gift symbolical of true love and continuous friendship.

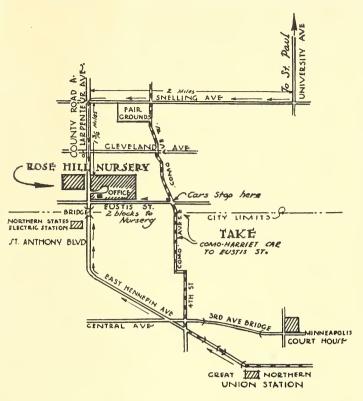
Our Christmas holidays are going to be celebrated more each year by using living Evergreens planted outdoors as decorations. It is not necessary to start with a large tree. Use one about three to four feet high and enjoy its growth through the seasons. This size makes an ideal gift and can be planted with safety.

While we are not able to plant at all seasons of the year, we will gladly co-operate with you and make out a list of plants on a gift certificate and will ship or plant them at the proper time.

Have the satisfaction of knowing that your gift will be the best that can be grown.

When undecided what to give—call us—we grow only the best and will gladly assist you in every way to make your gift the finest that money can buy.

How to Reach Rose Hill Nursery from Either City



An Invitation

We invite you to visit our nursery during the summer months, from June until September, to see the large blocks of vigorous stock which we are growing, and become acquainted with the numerous varieties of plants, their foliage, blossoms fruits and habits of growth.

Such a visit will impress upon you the consistently high quality of Rose Hill products.

April 10th to May 10th the nursery is open evenings until 9 P. M. except on Saturday when we close at 5:30. Not open for business on Sunday.

PLANTING SEASON

Spring, generally April 1st to about May 20th. Fall, October 1st to November 10th. If customers will kindly place their orders as early as possible, it will greatly aid us in making prompt deliveries, when the proper time for deliveries arrives. Twin City orders delivered free, providing they amount to \$2.00 or more; otherwise a charge of 50 cents will be made to cover cost of delivery.

PLANTING

Our Charge Is Forty Per Cent Additional for Planting

We greatly prefer to have our customers do their own planting, but where this cannot be done, we will have our experienced men do the planting for 40 per cent extra, providing the order amounts to \$10.00 or more exclusive of planting charge. Where black soil is needed, customers will kindly see that same is furnished, or an additional charge will be made for securing same.

Planting booklet furnished with all orders.

GUARANTEE TO REPLACE

We guarantee to replace, free of charge, any nursery stock purchased direct from us at prices listed, that dies before October 1st after planting, providing instructions for planting, pruning, watering and care of nursery stock given in our Planting Booklet are followed and dead stock reported to us before October 10th. Prompt payment must be made in full or above guarantee is void.

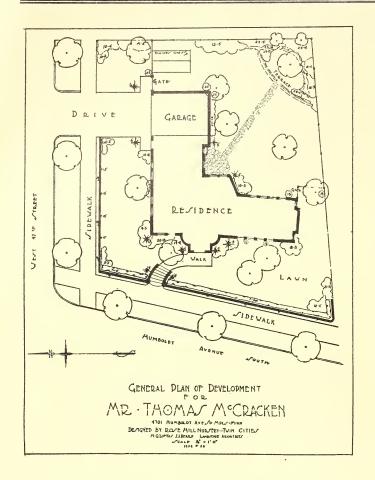
AGENTS

We do not employ agents in Minneapolis or St. Paul. Customers will find our prices 35 to 50 per cent lower than firms employing agents.

LANDSCAPE SERVICE

Our Landscape Department will be glad to assist you with any planting problems you may have. Our season for planting in this climate is comparatively short and for that reason we request all customers needing the services of our Landscape Department to get in touch with us now before our outdoor planting season opens. The fact that there is snow on the ground will not interfere with our studying your problems and it will enable us to start planting for you just as soon as the ground opens up.

MEMBER AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN



"AMERICAN HOMES"

How the words thrill one as thoughts journey to the little farm home, the prairie wind swept house, long avenues of beautiful suburban homes in the larger cities and the majestic mansions in our beautiful lake country sites.

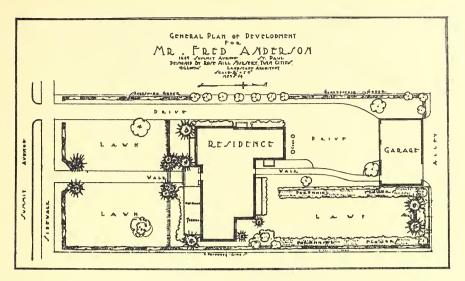
So many types, yet all "American Homes" with the ambition of America in them. Each man wanting for his and his own the comforts and pleasures of life which are so distinctly American.

—that atmosphere of a certain pride—

What then makes the setting of the home? Our groups of trees, beautiful lawns and colorful flowers are the attempts of the individual to express his yearning for beauty in his surroundings. He wants them in his home surroundings, whether his home be large or small. It is the pleasant business of this book to tell you how to choose this beauty and of Rose Hill Nursery to supply the materials when chosen.

Every man of imagination has his dream of a larger service rendered through his daily task. It is our dream—and faith—that our work may contribute to make "American Homes" more beautiful. To achieve this end it must be possible for the average American home owner to secure this environment of beauty at a moderate cost. To this end two things are indispensable; first, plenty of well grown and carefully handled plants at a reasonable price. Second, reliable and helpful information about the uses of this plant material.

We have attempted here at Rose Hill Nursery to achieve both conditions and believe you will not only find it possible to acquire this beauty but will also be satisfied that our skillful and economical methods have made it possible for us to serve you better.



Plan for the Development of a City Home

OUR LANDSCAPE DEPARTMENT

For the Solution of Planting Problems we maintain a landscape department, trained in plant adaptabilities and arrangements. This department will gladly give you ideas on plant selections and arrangements, together with estimate of cost. This is done in either of two ways:

Personal Calls to go over the problem right on the lawn, making a sketch at the time or getting the measurements for the more extensive problem.

A Call at Our Office where the customer can talk over the problem, see the materials and leave the order for delivery or take the stock with him.

Thus We Cooperate with You, sharing your planting problems and helping you to the end that your home grounds may be a spot of beauty. This service is free to our customers.

ARTISTIC EFFECT

A real knowledge of shrubs and trees is essential along with the artistic ability to use them properly. Landscape planning must be of value after a period of five or more years have passed. Our service gives you the artistic effect with the practical knowledge of plant materials.

Some shrubs grow faster than others, some require certain soils, some need plenty of sunlight, while others will not stand those conditions. This gives you a hint of what the landscape architect must keep in mind. His training also enables him to adapt various methods in planning your individual problem, for each problem is an individual one and different from the next. His help will aid you in making the house and setting seem to become a single unit, a complete picture and a home to enjoy.

TRAINED MEN IN CHARGE OF OUR WORK

We can furnish you with skilled workmen and superintendents upon whom you can rely. Let us furnish the plan, estimate, stock and planting, then assist and advise you in the after care. We know the results will be gratifying to you and your friends. Such results cannot be obtained without a properly prepared landscape plan and the execution of the same in one department. This eliminates the division of responsibility.

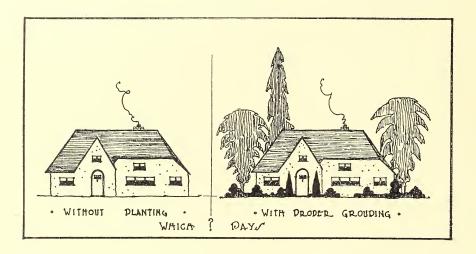
Whether your requirements are merely an entrance planting or a large planting for home or public property, the improvement merits proper planning. There is no other investment where you can put in so little time and money and take out such lasting and large increasing dividends as in beautifying your home grounds. Call us now for service.

Plan Your Home Grounds

Call Our Department for This Service

ANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE is a highly developed art. Through its application unsuspected beauties of the home are brought to view. This is just as true of the small property as the large one. As your plantings grow into maturity through the season, the results of our planning appear in a satisfying manner.

Consult with us. No matter how extensive or how small your grounds are, we can develop a planting plan that will please you. The illustrations on this page analyze the possibilities of development by careful planning.



WE SERVE YOU BY

S ending trained men to plan your home grounds.

E nabling you to secure skilled foremen to plant materials.

R endering you the best of facilities and knowledge in handling stock.

V erifying all orders. Delivering only guaranteed, first class stock.

I nsuring prompt delivery, thereby avoiding any possible damage to stock.

C heerfully answering your questions at any time.

E stablishment of an organization insuring all your dealings being cheerful and fair. One that has served this community for over fifty years.

CAREFUL PLANNING

DINSMORE 6710 IT PAYS MIDWAY 0679

Ornamental Shrubs

THE JUDICIOUS selection of shrubs enables us to secure a succession of bloom from early spring until fall. We are fortunate indeed that nature has endowed us with such a variety of plants, Care must be taken to properly arrange the plants for height, size and color effect. The knowledge of blooming periods and habits of growth is essential to successfully carry out a planting.

We grow only the reliable known hardy varieties and have one of the largest stock of ornamentals in the Northwest. Our careful, clean cultivation insures a full sized, well developed, heavily rooted plant, which gives an immediate effect where used.

ALMOND, FLOWERING (Prunus Japonica). Flowers very double, blooms in May. We have them in either pink or white. Plant in protected locations.

ARROWWOOD (Viburnum Dentatum). An upright bushy shrub with bright green foliage which colors prettily in the fall. Flowers white, followed by steel blue berries in the fall.

BARBERRY, THUNBERG'S (Berberis Thunbergii). This pretty dwarf shrub is used more than any other in ornamental plantings. It is remarkable for its dense spreading growth and attractive appearance throughout the year. One of the earliest to start in the spring. Produces an abundant crop of fruit, ripening into scarlet berries which remain to make the bush a conspicuous and attractive object during the winter. The brilliant autumn coloring of the

leaves, which assume the brightest shades of orange, scarlet and crimson, is not the least of the attractions of this interesting shrub. It is one of the best plants for shrubbery borders, for edging and hedges.

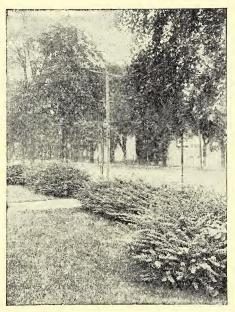
BUCKTHORN (Rhamnus Catharticus). A very hardy shrub with small white flowers in June, and glossy green foliage.

BUFFALO BERRY (Shepherdia Argentea). A large-growing shrub with silvery white foliage. The fruit is red, resembling a currant.

BURNING BUSH (Euonymus Atropurpurea). A tall desirable shrub covered in the fall with bright red fruit, which opens and displays the seeds enclosed in their scarlet pulpy aril. Fruit hangs on until midwinter.

BUTTERFLY BUSH (Buddleia Variabilis). Sometimes called the summer lilac. The violet colored blossoms are borne in terminal panicles late in summer. Fragrant and showy.

BUTTON BUSH (Cephalanthus Occidentalis). Ornamental shrub, with handsome glossy foliage and very attractive flower balls appearing late in the summer.



Thunberg's Barberry

CARAGANA or PEA TREE (Caragana Arborescens). One of our hardiest desirable shrubs. During early May the bush is covered with bright yellow peashaped flowers, followed by long, slender pods. Pretty as a lawn shrub or for hedges. This shrub is especially valuable in dry locations and where soil conditions are not the most favorable.

CHERRY, SAND (Prunus Pumila). Its small, but numerous blossoms and purple black fruit make it an attractive addition to the shrubbery border.

CHERRY, PURPLE LEAF SAND (P. Pumila). A dwarf shrub producing purple foliage. Fine for color effect through season.

COTONEASTER or QUINCE BERRY. An attractive, beautifully formed shrub with thick glossy leaves turning red in the fall, giving it the most attract-

ive appearance. The flowers which appear during the early summer are followed by large black berries which remain on the bush nearly all winter. Makes a beautiful hedge.

CRAB, BECHTEL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING (*Pyrus Angustifolia*). A beautiful large-growing shrub or small tree with double, beautiful, fragrant flowers of a delicate pink. Blooms in the early spring.

CRANBERRY, HIGH-BUSH (Viburnum Opulus). Flowers white in flat clusters. Very decorative in fruit which begins to color by the end of July, remaining on the branches and keeping its bright scarlet color until the following spring.

CURRANT, ALPINE or MOUNTAIN (Ribes Alpinum). A most desirable low growing shrub. On account of retaining its foliage close to the ground it makes a desirable plant for shrubbery borders. One of the best shrubs for shady places.

CURRANT, YELLOW FLOWERING (Ribes Aureum). Very hardy; has a great profusion of yellow fragrant flowers in spring and succeeds well in shady locations.

DOGWOODS

(Cornus)
ALTERNATE-LEAVED
(C. Alternifolia). Of very distinct habit, the branches being arranged in irregular whorls, forming flat horizontal tiers. Fruit a dark blue berry.

GOLDEN BARKED (C. Stolonifera Aurea). A variety with golden yellow bark, very at-tractive. Planted in masses with the red-barked varieties, an effective and striking contrast may be secured. It is perfectly hardy.

RED TWIGGED (C. Stolonifera). A hardy shrub with bright red bark in winter and flat clusters of white flowers in June.

GRAY BARK (C. Racemosus). Gray branches, white flowers in May or June. Striking white fruit in the fall.

SIBERIAN (C. Siberica). A variety far superior to our native Red Twigged Dog-wood. Its habit of growth is more symmetrical, and the branches turn a brighter red in the winter.

SIBERIAN VARIEGATED

LEAVED (C. Siberica Variegata). The finest variegated-leaved shrub, of rapid growth, and valuable to plant singly or in groups.



(Sambucus)
BLACK-BERRIED (S. Canadensis). A large rapid growing shrub with immense flat clusters of white blossoms in June and early July, followed by black berries which are often used for pies and wine.

CUT-LEAVED (S. Canadensis Laciniata). A strong grower, with elegantly divided foliage; does well in either sunny or shady locations.

GOLDEN-LEAVED (S. Nigra Aurea). A beautiful rapid growing shrub, with light yellow leaves which hold their color well and render the plant very conspicuous and effective, especially toward autumn, when the leaves turn a bright golden color.

RED-BERRIED (S. Racemosa). Blossoms white, produced in great profusion in early May, followed by bunches of red berries. Bush vigorous and hardy.

FORSYTHIA

FORTUNE'S GOLDEN BELL (Forsythia Fortunei). An upright spreading bush with handsome pendulous trumpet shaped bright yellow blossoms produced in the early spring. Foliage deep shining green. Half hardy.

HERCULES CLUB or DEVIL'S WALKING STICK (Aralia Spinosa). Attractive shrub with very prickly stems and large, deeply cut leaves. Immense panicles of white flowers in August.

HONEYSUCKLES

(Lonicera)

MORROW'S (L. Morrowi). A symmetrical shrub having slender drooping branches. The cream white flowers produced in May are followed by bright red berries during the latter part of the summer.

TARTARIAN (L. Tartarica). Very hardy, large growing, easily transplanted and does well in any soil. It has fine luxuriant foliage and the delicate flowers, while small, are profusely produced in pleasing colors. Followed by attractive red or yellow berries.



Hardy Hydrangea

HYDRANGEA

HARDY OR COMMON (H. Paniculata Grandiflora). Medium sized with fine large foliage and immense trusses of white flowers changing to pink and finally reddish brown. Flowers over one foot in length, produced in August and September when few other shrubs are in bloom. When a group of a dozen are planted together the effect is wonderful. The bushes should be pruned back severely each spring in order to get nice, large flowers.

TREE FORM. We offer an especially fine stock of these, trained to a straight stem to produce a small tree for ornamental planting. Should be supported with a stake until trunk becomes heavy enough to hold up the head.

HILLS OF SNOW (H. Arborescens Grandiflora). A valuable shrub with large snow-white blossoms of immense size. Commences to bloom in June and continues until early fall. Coming into bloom at a season when most shrubs are through flowering,

makes it a valuable acquisition in any garden.

JUNEBERRY (Amelanchier Canadensis). One of the most beautiful flowering shrubs; every stem and branch is a solid mass of delicate feathery whiteness. Fruit resembles blueberries both in appearance and taste.

COMMON LILACS

COMMON PURPLE. A very hardy, beautiful, large growing shrub with purple flowers in May. Indispensable in every collection of shrubs. Often used for hedges.

COMMON WHITE. Of rapid growth, with large shining foliage. Produces large clusters of fragrant flowers.

JAPAN TREE. A vigorous grower that forms a medium sized tree, and blooms in loose spreading clusters of creamy white flowers. The flowers are produced in June, after other Lilacs are through blossoming.

JOSIKEA. A distinct sort, of tree-like habit, producing purple flowers in June when most other Lilacs have ceased blooming.

PERSIAN. A more graceful form than other varieties of The branches are slender, leaves finer and more d. The flowers are purple, very fragrant and borne in large panicles. An excellent shrub for planting at house corners.

ROTHOMAGENSIS PERSIAN. A grand improvement on the common Persian Lilac. The flowers are larger and of a reddish purple color, produced in such great profusion as to almost bend the bush to the ground. Very fragrant. Bushes three feet high standing in our nursery last summer had from ten to twenty large blossoms.

VILLOSA. Bushy shrub about eight feet high, with rather stout branches. It has dark, shining, heartshaped foliage which makes this Lilac desirable even when not in bloom. Flowers are silvery rose and produced in great profusion in May and June.

FRENCH OR HYBRID LILACS

E HAVE been propagating the new varieties of hybrid lilacs and can now offer as fine a selection as can be found anywhere. The improved hybrids are well worth adding to the garden.

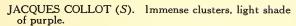
Letter (S)—single flowers Letter (D)—double flowers

OUR NAMED VARIETIES

ALFONSO LAVALLE (D). Large trusses, clear lilac color.

BELLE DE NANCY (D). Satiny rose, white center.

CHAS. X (S). Excellent grower, reddish purple color. Blooms a little later than the common lilac. Flowers of a reddish purple color, one-half larger and twice as abundant. The best purple lilac.



LUDWIG SPAETH (S). Deep purplish red flowers in dense, large panicles.

MARIE LE GRAY (S). Large panicles of single white flowers. One of the finest and best blooming sorts.

MADAME LEMOINE (D). Undoubtedly one of the best profuse blooming double white lilacs.

MADAME PERIER (D). Dwarf grower, creamy white.

PRESIDENT GREVY (D). One of the new desirable Lilacs, producing large double violet colored flowers.

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA (S). Large panicles, fine white.

OLIVE, RUSSIAN (Eleagnus Angustifolia). A large growing shrub or small tree with silvery white foliage. One of the best for planting in dry, exposed locations.

POTENTILLA FRUITICOSA. A handsome and distinct low growing shrub, with numerous bright yellow flowers throughout the summer.

PLUM, DOUBLE FLOWERING (Prunus Triloba). A shrub of medium height, bearing early in May, a profusion of delicate pink-rose-like blossoms appearing just before the leaves unfold. Flowers resemble the Flowering Almond, but the bush is hardier and gives better satisfaction. Without doubt one of the prettiest shrubs we have.

PLUM, PURPLE LEAVED. Large shrub or small tree used to color up the shrub plantings. Its shining, purple leaves, which hold their color well during the summer, add a color note which easily takes the place of the purple barberry which can no longer be used.

ROSE ACACIA (Robinia Hispida). Attractive shrub for border or hillside planting, branchlets thickly covered with short bristles, small compound leaves, flowers peashaped, rose-colored or pale purple. Thrives in poor soil.



Charles X Lilac

THE RUGOSA ROSES

These roses are hardy and suitable for planting either in masses or with other shrubs.

AMELIE GRAVEREAUX. Large carmine-purple flowers, clean foliage, a valuable addition to any shrub group.

BELLE POITEVINE. Very free branching, every tip laden with immense bouquets of large reddish pink roses. Buds very long; perfume exquisite. As hardy as any shrub and can be used with other shrubs in grouping or border planting to very good advantage.

BLANC DOUBLE DeCOUBERT.
Purest paper white, blooming in clusters of from five to ten flowers; double, very sweet. A strong, rampant grower, having the true Rugosa foliage. Flowers often measure five inches in diameter. Hardy and should be used freely with other shrubs.

CONRAD FERD. MEYER. An early flowering Hybrid combining the ornamental quality of its Rugosa foliage with the blossom beauty and perfume of the Hybrid Perpetuals. Flowers large, cup-shaped and double; of a delicate silvery pink.

F. J. GROOTENDORST. A new Hybrid Rugosa. (Cross between Red Rugosa and Crimson Baby Rambler) true rugosa foliage, blooms bright crimson in clusters, produced from early spring to frost; compact, dwarf grower but strong. Suitable for specimen or mass plantings.

HANSA. The best double-red Rugosa Rose. Very large. The foliage is a dark rich green and as an ornamental shrub has no superior. Every Rose enthusiast will welcome this new addition and because it is perfectly hardy it will be found most useful for foundation and mass plantings.

ROSA RUGOSA, SINGLE RED. Perfectly hardy, even on the most exposed locations, thrives in any kind of soil and needs no winter protection. One of the most ornamental single flowered roses and one of the most popular for massing for hedges or shrubbery groups.

ROSA, BLANDA. Rosy pink, single flowers in great abundance during early summer. Its red stems and seed hips are very attractive during winter.

ROSE, RED-LEAVED (Rosa Rubrifolia). A very striking, hardy rose on account of its reddish foliage. Flowers single and pink.

SNOWBALL (Viburnum Opulus Sterilis). A well-known and favorite shrub of large size, attaining a height of eight to twelve feet. Flowers pure white, in globular clusters about the first of June; valuable for decorating.

SNOWBERRY, RED or INDIAN CURRANT (Symphoricarpus Vulgaris). Of low growing and graceful habit, with numerous small pink flowers during the summer, followed by bright red berries.

SNOWBERRY, WHITE (Symphoricarpus Racemosus).

A rather low growing shrub with small pink flowers, followed by white berries which hang on until winter.

THE SPIREAS

(Spirea)

ANTHONY WATERER. A valuable and distinct variety growing about two feet high. Flowers a bright crimson, commencing to bloom in June and continuing through the summer and fall. Where a low growing shrub is desired no other variety will produce such an abundance of showy flowers and give such general satisfaction. Sure to bloom the first season.



Spirea Bridal Wreath

THE SUMACHS (Rhus)

SMOOTH (R. Glabra). A native large growing shrub, well adapted for covering barren hills or unsightly banks where most shrubs will not thrive. Leaves turn a bright, fiery red in autumn.

CUT-LEAVED (R. Glabra Laciniata). A rare shrub of moderate size, with deeply cut leaflets, giving the whole shrub a fern-like appearance.

CUT-LEAVED STAGHORN (R. Typhina Laciniata). It is of spreading habit, with large, long, finely cut, lacelike, wonderfully graceful leaves. The foliage is of a pleasing green, always healthy and clean and turns in autumn to varied hues of pink, crimson and gold.

THE SYRINGAS OR MOCK ORANGE

(Philadelphus)

- DWARF GOLDEN-LEAVED (P. Folius Aureus). A compact shrub with bright yellow foliage, very effective as a foliage plant.
- LARGE FLOWERED (P. Grandiflorus). A large and vigorous growing shrub, producing a great wealth of creamy white blossoms of unusual size and fragrance.
- LEMOINE (P. Lemoinei). A showy and free-flowering variety with slender arching branches. Flowers creamy white and very fragrant.
- SWEET SCENTED or MOCK ORANGE (P. Coronarius). A vigorous growing shrub with sweet scented white flowers in the greatest profusion about the middle of June.
- VIRGINAL (P. Virginalis). A magnificent new variety which is just coming into general notice. The bush grows moderately tall, with good foliage and compact habit. The double flowers are the largest, handsomest, and most sweetly fragrant of any known variety; each arching branch a wand of clustered beauty.
- TAMARIX (*Tamarix Amurensis*). A distinct type of shrub having leaves somewhat like the Juniper.
- WAYFARING TREE (Viburnum Lantana). Large, robust shrub, with soft heavy leaves and clusters of white flowers, followed by red fruit turning black.
- WEIGELIA, EVA RATHKE. A remarkably free bloomer, flowering continuously throughout the summer. A rich ruby carmine color. Needs winter protection.
- WEIGELIA, ROSEA. Large, trumpet-shaped flowers in latter part of June, rose-colored. Flowers are produced so freely as to almost hide the leaves. Pretty and desirable. Should have protection the first winter and after that will take care of themselves.

ARGUTA. A very graceful early flowering shrub coming into blossom 2 or 3 weeks before the Bridal Wreath. The slender arching branches are clothed with feathery bright green leaves.

ASH-LEAVED (S. Sorbifolia). Has long, elegant panicles of white flowers in July. Leaves large, compound, resembling those of the Mountain Ash. Starts growth before the frost is entirely out of the ground. Does well either in a sunny or shady location.

BILLARDI ROSEA. A fine Spirea with panicles of rosecolored flowers blooming on its new growth, beginning to bloom the latter part of June and blooming occasionally all summer.

BRIDAL WREATH (S. Van Houttei). Flowers about an inch in diameter, white, flat; produced so freely along the drooping stems that the foliage can hardly be seen. Blossoms in early part of June.

CALLOSA ALBA. Dwarf white Spirea of bushy symmetrical form. Keeps in flowers nearly all summer. A valuable small shrub.

CALLOSA ROSEA. A dwarf bush with flat clusters of pink flowers.

FROEBELI. Flowers bright rosy-red in flat clusters, produced during July and August. Foliage purple red in spring. Foliage turns purple in the fall. Should be in every garden, two feet high, very desirable.

GOLDEN-LEAVED (S. Opulifolia Aurae). Very desirable where a large growing beautiful shrub is wanted. The leaves are of a golden green color. White flowers in clusters about the middle of June.

NINEBARK or SNOWBALL-LEAVED (S. Opulifolia).

A very vigorous grower, of spreading habit, large white flowers, seed pods turn bright red in summer. It makes a good screen, leaves remaining on the plant the greater part of the winter.

THUNBERG'S (S. Thunbergii). A low-growing variety with fine, delicate, drooping foliage. The plant is entirely covered in the early spring with a profusion of wreaths of white flowers.

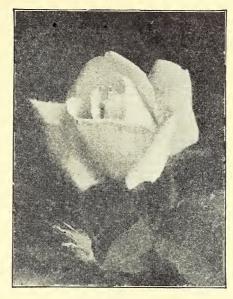
THE ROSES

ANNA DE DIESBACH. The color is a brilliant rose; long, pointed buds and large, finely formed, compact flowers, very full, double and fragrant. A superior garden sort.

CAPTAIN HAYWARD. Bright crimson-carmine; an entirely distinct and attractive shade of color, of perfect form and sweet.

CLIO. A rose of perfect form and finish, with broad, thick petals, high full center, beautiful from pointed bud to fully opened flower. The color is a delicate satiny blush with slightly deeper center.

CRESTED MOSS. Deep pink buds surrounded with mossy fringe and crest. The prettiest and most satisfactory Moss Rose.



F. K. Druschki Rose

PERSIAN YELLOW. The finest hardy yellow double rose grown. The flowers are of a deep golden color, produced very freely in June.

PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN.
Deep velvety crimson, large and
moderately full. One of the
darkest in cultivation and splendid rose.

MRS. AARON WARD. A continuous bloomer producing medium sized yellow flowers, one of the best yellow Hybrid Tea Roses.

BABY RAMBLERS

BABY CATHERINE ZEIMET. Produces double, pure white flowers in abundance.

BABY DOLL. The color is absolutely new, and quite startling in its brilliancy, golden-yellow tipped with clear bright cerise.

BABY ECHO. A soft, tender rose shade.

BABY RAMBLER RED. A cross between Crimson Rambler and Gloire des Polyanthus, a clear, brilliant ruby rose.

CRIMSON RAMBLER. The flowers are produced in great trusses, often thirty or forty in a cluster, appearing like large bouquets. The roses are small, semi-double, and of a bright crimson color.

CLIMBING ROSES

DOROTHY PERKINS. With us it has come through the winter in better shape than the Crimson Rambler. The leaves are glossy green, making it more ornamental than other roses when not in bloom. The flowers are of a large size for this class of rose. and are borne in clusters of from ten to thirty; very double. Color, a clear shell pink; does not fade, and is fragrant.

EXCELSA or RED DOROTHY PERKINS. Having the clean, healthy foliage of the Dorothy Perkins and the brilliant coloring of the Crimson Rambler. Tips of petals tinged with scarlet.

WHITE DOROTHY PERKINS. A white climber that ranks with Crimson Rambler.

QUEEN OF THE PRAIRIE. Flowers very large, of a peculiar globular form, rosy red, changing to lighter as the flower opens.

TAUSENDSCHOEN or THOUSAND BEAUTIES. The flowers first open a delicate shade of pink, nearly white, changing to rosy-carmine.

YELLOW RAMBLER. The flowers are larger than those of the Crimson Rambler, but are not produced in as large clusters. We have found it rather tender.

TREE ROSES

Grafted on rose stalks about four feet from the ground. We have them in red, pink and white.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI or WHITE AMERICAN BEAUTY. This rose is universally admitted to be the finest white rose grown. Of all the roses of recent introduction, this one has attracted by far the most attention from lovers of roses. The bush is vigorous, flowers are pure white, large, beautiful and produced freely.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT or JACK ROSE. Its color is a rich velvety crimson, large and very fragrant. Equally beautiful in bud state or open.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. Unquestionably the finest brilliant red, hardy, ever-blooming Hybrid Tea rose. It blooms constantly and continues covered with flowers the whole season.

HARRISON YELLOW. The hardiest rose we have. Needs no winter protection. The flowers are yellow, semi-double and produced in great profusion, in early June.

HUGH DICKSON. Brilliant Crimson shaded scarlet, large smooth petals. Very fragrant and vigorous.

J. B. CLARK. The color is unique among Roses, a deep scarlet shaded to blackish-crimson.

MADAME GABRIEL LUIZET. Large, very double and full and delightfully perfumed. Color, a beautiful pink.

MAGNA CHARTA. A bright, clear pink rose, flowers extra large, very double and sweet. We consider this our best pink rose for general cultivation.

MARSHALL P. WILDER. Flowers are large and bright carmine red, very fragrant. Almost continuously in bloom.

MRS. JOHN LAING. Soft pink, of beautiful form; exceedingly fragrant and remarkably free-flowering; always does well and stands very close to the top among fine roses.

PAUL NEYRON. One of the largest roses in cultivation. Color deep clear rose, very fresh and pretty. The plant is a very strong grower, often making shoots four feet long in a single season, each tipped with an immense flower often five inches in diameter. The bush is almost thornless and a good bloomer.

Hardy Climbing Vines

NOTHING SUCCEEDS quite as well as climbing vines, for covering pergolas, trellis, unsightly fences and sheds, or softening the harsh corners and walls of stucco and masonry.

BITTER SWEET or CLIMBING CELASTRUS (Celastrus Scandens). Very hardy. A strong grower, with large, fine leaves, yellow flowers and orange colored seed pods.

GRAPE, BETA. This grape makes one of the best vines for covering porches and arbors. It is perfectly hardy without winter protection and produces an abundance of fruit of medium size, jet black and fair quality.

HONEYSUCKLE, SCARLET TRUMPET. An old favorite vine, bearing scarlet, trumpet-shaped blossoms through summer and autumn.

HONEYSUCKLE, YELLOW TRUMPET. Same habit as above with yellow blossoms.

CLEMATIS

The Clematis should be grown in rich soil that will not become hard. They should be watered at least once a week, in the evening, if the season is dry, using a good sized pailful to each vine; but do not water every day.

HENRYI. Fine, very large, creamy white flowers. A perpetual bloomer.

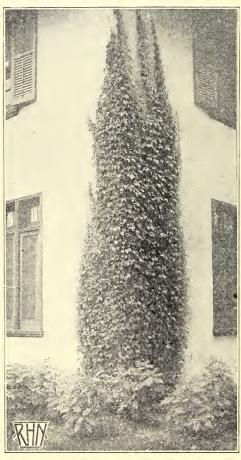
JACKMANNI. The flowers when fully expanded are from three to five inches in diameter. Color, violet purple, distinctly veined. Blooms in July.

MADAME EDWARD AND-RE. Flowers about the same size as the Jackmanni, crimson red in color.

PANICULATA. The flowers are white, small and star-shaped, very fragrant and so abundant as to almost hide the foliage. It blooms late in the summer when most other vines are through blooming.

VIRGINIANA. A native rapid growing vine producing an abundance of greenish white flowers, followed by brown, hair-like seed plumes.

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE (Aristolochia Sipho). A vigorous and rapid-growing climber, flowers resembling in shape a pipe. Fine light green leaves of large size, which retain their color from spring to fall.



Engleman's Ivy

IVY

(Ampelopsis)

AMERICAN OR VIRGINIA CREEPER (A. Quinquefolia)
A popular, hardy, stronggrowing, climbing vine with healthy foliage which turns a rich crimson color in the autumn.

BOSTON OR JAPAN (A. Veitchii). Unfortunately we have found this vine quite tender. Leaves smaller than the American Ivy and overlap one another.

ENGELMAN'S (A. Engelmanii). The best climbing vine for this climate, to cover brick or stone walls or any rough surface, as it clings without a trellis. It is a very rapid grower, often growing fifteen to twenty feet in a single season. In appearance it resembles the Common Virginia Creeper, but the leaves are smaller and the whole vine presents a neater appearance. The foliage turns a bright crimson color in the autumn.

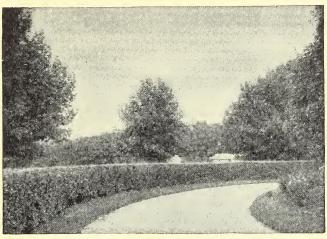
MATRIMONY VINE (Lycium Chinensis). It produces a great number of purple flowers, which are succeeded by bright scarlet coral-like berries almost an inch long. It blooms throughout the summer and the fruit remains on the vine until late in winter. Particularly valuable for planting at the top of walls or embankments.

Ornamental Hedges

HEDGES

always make friendly fences and serve their purpose well. They do not require much care and can be easily started.

Try one and find how it adds to the attractiveness and usefulness of the property.



Buckthorn Hedge

PLANTING

Dig a trench to the depth of one foot, making it 18 inches wide. Use the surface loam soil around the root system discarding all poor soil. The plants should be spaced nine inches apart for Buckthorn and Cotoneaster. Large growing varieties should be spaced 18 to 30 inches apart depending on variety.

BARBERRY, THUNBERG'S. Where a dwarf hedge is wanted, nothing equals this beautiful Barberry. It requires but little pruning to keep it in shape. The leaves are small, light green, and towards fall assume rich brilliant colors, the fruit or berries becoming scarlet. Absolutely hardy in all parts of the country.

BUCKTHORN. A well-known ornamental hedge plant that stands close pruning without injury. Where trimmed the leaves soon cover the cut, making the hedge appear like a smooth and glossy wall of living green. It does not cause annoyance by sprouting from the roots like the lilac and many other plants used for hedges. The leaves are of a rich, healthy green color, remaining in perfect condition throughout the summer. Though it is a strong grower it can be kept down to any size desired by frequent trimming. In order to get a pretty hedge the plants must be trimmed severely the first few years so as to get numerous strong branches near the ground. The principal thing in growing a hedge is to get it thick at the very bottom. The plants are generally set eight to nine inches apart in a single row. The plants should be cut back at least half their ength immediately after planting. If the hedge is attended to at the right time it requires but little work to keep it properly trimmed. This should be done about two or three times during the summer.

CARAGANA or SIBERIAN PEA TREE. Thrives in any well-drained soil. Very compact in its growth and desirable for a medium or tall-growing hedge. Hardy in the most exposed locations.

COTONEASTER hedges are becoming more popular each year. They have a glossy-green foliage which cannot be found in other hedge material. The habit of growth with proper trimming forms a compact thick hedge

with dense new twigs. The foliage turns a beautiful red color in the fall and makes a striking contrast with the numerous black berries that cling to the bush all winter. This is one of the finest hedges, perfectly hardy and useful under any conditions.

CURRANT, ALPINE. (See description under Ornamental Shrubs.) We consider this one of the choicest hedge plants where a low hedge, eighteen or twenty-four inches high is desired.

DOGWOOD, SIBERIAN. (See description under Ornamental Shrubs.)

HONEYSUCKLE, TARTARIAN. Very hardy, easily transplanted and does well in most any soil. Where a thick attractive hedge three to six feet is wanted, this variety is one of the best.

OLIVE, RUSSIAN. The bright silvery white foliage makes this plant doubly attractive for hedge purposes. Withstands shearing well, and succeeds in fairly dry locations.

ROSA RUGOSA. (See description under Ornamental Shrubs.)

This hardy and valuable shrub is now being extensively used for hedges.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTE. (See Shrubs.) Generally known as Bridal Wreath.

WILLOW, GOLDEN. Makes a very rapid, coarsegrowing hedge, suitable for screening in back lots or gardens. The bark is of a golden yellow and makes a pretty appearance during winter and early spring.

Shade and Ornamental Trees

7REES furnish needed shade whether on the street or in more intimate locations about the house. We have many trees used for street shade alone while in addition are flowering and fruiting varieties of trees.

To deny yourself the flowers and fruits of these trees is to miss one of the great pleasures of the home.

ASH, GREEN or WHITE (Fra-xinus Americana). Very xinus Americana). hardy. A fine, medium sized tree of upright growth, that thrives in all kinds of soil. It is long lived and very desirable. A native of Minnesota. One of the most satisfactory trees for street planting that we have.

BASSWOOD or AMERICAN LINDEN (*Tilia Americana*). A close headed, upright native tree with large leaves and fragrant blossoms.

BIRCH, CANOE (Betula Papyrifera). A desirable graceful tree with slender branches and silvery white bark. Very effective when planted among or near evergreens for winter effect. This valuable tree is now gradually taking the place of the Cut Leaved Weeping Birch which is not generally grown.

CUT LEAF WEEPING (Betula Alba Pendula). Silvery white bark, a graceful drooping habit of growth. Leaves very fine and deeply cut. An excellent ornamental tree.

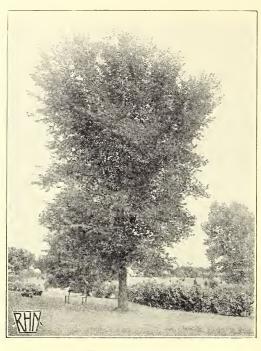
BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE (Betula Alba). A medium size tree of rapid growth. Very ornamental, both winter and summer, having white bark.

BUTTERNUT (Juglans cinerea). A native tree of medium size, spreading head, reddish colored dark foliage; very thick; nut oblong and rough.

BOX ELDER (Acer Negundo). Hardy. A native tree of spreading habit and rapid growth. Thrives in sandy soils.

CATALPA, HARDY (Catalpa Speciosa). The trunk should be protected, as it is liable to sunscald when young. Flowers in large panicles, showy and fragrant. Very large heart-shaped leaves. A desirable lawn tree.

AMERICAN or WHITE (U. Americana). This native tree is noted for its gracefulness, beauty and majesty. It is hardy and of rapid growth. The White Elm is by far the best tree we have for street or park planting where the soil is fairly rich. It is a rapid grower, clean in habit, does not split as badly in a storm as most trees, and all things considered, we have no tree equal to it.



The American Elm The Best Variety for Street Use

CAMPERDOWN WEEPING (U. glabra Camperdownii). Grafted six to eight feet high forms a handsome head, spreading habit. The foliage is large, luxuriant, dark green. A desirable weeping tree.

RED (*U. Fulva*). Very hardy of spreading, straggling, growth.

HACKBERRY (Celtis Occidentalis). Makes a very handsome tree. It has Elm-like leaves, rough bark, and bears brownish black berries in the fall.

CHESTNUT, OHIO HORSE. BUCKEYE (Aesculus Glabra) Hardy and desirable. In May it is covered with erect spikes of white flowers. and later with large brown nuts. Very ornamental all summer. Grown from seed from our own stock.

KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE (Gymnocladus Canadensis). A hardy ornamental tree with compound leaves, often two feet long, that present a tropical appearance.

LOCUST, BLACK or YELLOW (Robinia Pseud acacia). Flowers in long white racemes, very fragrant. Valuable for ornamental planting.

LOCUST THORNLESS (Gleditsia Triacanthus Inerinis). A variety of the Honey Locust, without the usual large branched spines.

THE MAPLES

(Acer)

HARD (A. Saccharinum). A slow grower, fine foliage, stately form.

NORWAY (A. Platanoides). An ornamental tree with long, dark green leaves.

RED (A. Rubrum). Scarlet flowers, bright red fruits in late spring, and the beautiful foliage, which is green during spring and summer but turns scarlet or orange in autumn.

SIBERIAN (A. Tataricum Ginnala). Of dwarf habit and compact form, with medium-sized or small leaves.

SOFT or SILVER (A. Dasycarpum). A rapid grower, hardy and easily transplanted. Foliage green, healthy and attractive. One of the best to plant where immediate shade is wanted.

WIER'S CUT-LEAVED (A. Dasycarpum Wierii). A variety of Silver Maple with deeply and delicately cut foliage, green above and silvery white beneath. branches are slender and drooping, presenting a most interesting attractive, and graceful appearance.

TREES WITH BRIGHT FALL COLORINGS

White Birch—Golden Hard Maple—Orange and Red Silver Maple—Yellow Siberian Maple—Bright Crimson Red Maple—Crimson

Tree-Culture Notes

IG A HOLE large enough to care for the actual spread of roots. Set the tree the same depth it stood in the nursery. Fill in good top soil around the roots allowing it to sift in between the fibrous root system. Pack the soil firmly and see that the tree is straight. After filling in the soil leave a basin, add water and allow it to soak in. Then fill up the hole with soil allowing for settling and leaving a depression. Stake the tree if large. Always be sure to water enough to give moisture to roots that are 18 inches or more underground. Such a watering is sufficient for a week or more, depending on weather, and should be followed by keeping the soil well stirred up.

THE MOUNTAIN ASH

(Sorbus)

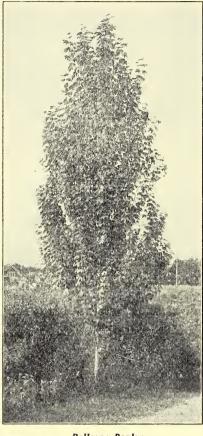
AMERICAN (S. Americana). Very hardy, but of slow growth.

EUROPEAN (S. Aucuparia). A handsome and hardy tree covered with large clusters of white flowers in the spring, and later with bunches of red berries that hang on until winter.

WEEPING (S. Aucuparia Pendula). One of the finest of lawn trees, grows rapidly and is hardy. Branches should be pruned back severely each spring to make them droop evenly and thickly around the trunk.

MULBERRY, RUSSIAN (Morus Alba Tartarica). An ornamental tree with drooping branches; fruit resembles blackberries.

MULBERRY, TEAS' WEEPING (Morus Tartarica Pendula). A weeping tree with an umbrellashaped head and slender drooping branches. The leaves are glossy, green and healthy. Plant in protected locations only.



Bolleana Poplar

CAROLINA (P. Carolinensis).
An erect, rapid grower, with large, bright green leaves.

LOMBARDY (P. Fastigiata).

Hardy. Remarkable for its erect, close, columnar form. Indispensable in ornamental planting to break ordinary outlines of other trees, or to screen tall unsightly buildings.

NORWAY. One of the most rapid growing trees. Leaves are large and bright green

SILVER (P. Alba). Leaves glossy green above and silver white underneath.

WALNUT, BLACK (Juglans nigra). A native species of great size and majesty; bark very dark, deeply furrowed; foliage beautiful, the nut is round.

THE WILLOWS

(Salix)

GOLDEN (S. Vitellina Aurea). A very rapid grower, making a large, handsome tree. Bark light golden yellow.

THE POPLARS

(Populus)

BALSAM or BALM of GILEAD (P. Balsamifera). A remarkable rapid growing tree with luxuriant foliage.

BOLLEANA (P. Alba Bolleana). A compact, upright grower. The leaves are dark green on the upper surface and snow white beneath. The bark is silvery gray. A neat tree, superior to Silver Poplar.

CANADIAN. This tree is especially valuable on account of its hardiness for planting in exposed places.

LAUREL-LEAVED (S. Pentandra). This is very ornamental, with large dark green leaves that shine as if varnished. It scarcely resembles a willow.

NIOBE. A beautiful natural weeping tree with golden bark. A very attractive tree both winter and summer.

WHITE (S. Vitellina). It is desirable for shelter belts and exposed places. Rapid grower.

WISCONSIN WEEPING (S. Dolorosa). The best weeping willow for this climate. Perfectly hardy.

TREES WITH ATTRACTIVE FLOWERS AND FRUIT

CATALPA—White flower—long pods
HORSE CHESTNUT—Cluster of white flowers—immense
seed pods

LOCUST—Fragrant white flower MOUNTAIN ASH—White flower—bright red fruit



Winter View of Evergreens

Coniferous Evergreens

THEIR BRIGHT warm foliage is always a welcome note in the landscape. For their winter cheer they cannot be excelled. Spruces, Arbor Vitaes, and Cedars, all with their distinct characteristics lending color and form to the planting.

THE ARBOR VITAES

(Thuya)

- AMERICAN (T. Occidentalis). A native Evergreen, valuable for ornamental planting.
- GLOBE (T. Globosa). A dwarf and compact grower, naturally ball-like in form. Makes a desirable Evergreen for small entrance effects or for grouping with other varieties.
- PYRAMIDAL (*T. Orientalis*, *Var Pyramidalis*). Of upright, pyramidal growth and compact habit. Used largely for entrance planting.
- SIBERIAN (T. oc. Wareana). A superb variety with leafy full foliage and compact habit.
- CEDAR, RED (Juniperus Virginiana). A hardy native tree, valuable for screens, hedges or ornamental planting.
- FIR, BALSAM (Abies Balsamea). A very regular symmetrical tree, assuming a pyramidal form even when young; foliage dark green.
- JUNIPER, SAVIN (Juniperus Sabina). A dwarf, spreading plant, with trailing branches. Thrives in poorest soils. Very suitable for rockwork. One of the finest dwarf evergreens.

THE PINES

(Pinus)

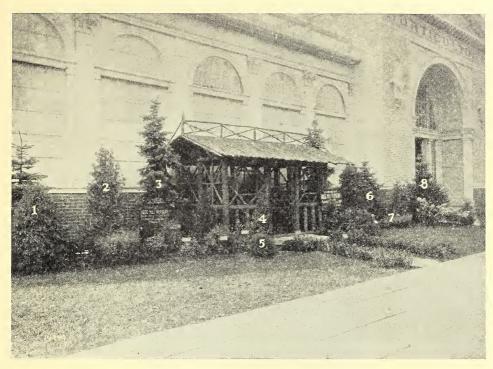
MOUNTAIN or MUGHO (P. Mughus). Perfectly hardy, dwarf Evergreen, ascending branches densely clothed with bright green foliage; ornamental as single specimens or for covering rocky slopes. Useful for grouping at the base of tall growing varieties or for simple entrance effects.

- PONDEROSA (P. Ponderosa). A robust, rugged grower with long, glossy needles, often measuring six inches in length.
- SCOTCH (P. Sylvestrus). Very hardy, rapid grower, easily transplanted. One of the hardiest for shelter belts.
- WHITE (P. Strobus). This variety is reliable if planted in protected locations.

THE SPRUCES

(Picea)

- BLACK HILL (P. Canadensis). A valuable compact growing tree with healthy dark green foliage. Easily transplanted. We recommend this variety as one of the best lawn trees.
- COLORADO BLUE (P. Pungens). The most beautiful of all Evergreens. It is of compact, symmetrical in habit of growth, with bluish-green needles. It is one of the hardiest evergreens used for specimen planting.
- KOSTER'S BLUE (P. Pungens glauca Kosteriana). The finest of all blue Evergreens. A rapid grower with stiff, close branches; silvery blue foliage
- NORWAY (P. Excelsa). Very hardy. A rapid, fine grower. An elegant tree of pyramidal form and drooping habit. Very desirable for screens or shelter belts.
- WHITE (P. Alba). A desirable, compact symmetrical



1—Red Cedar 2—American Arbor Vitae

3—Koster Blue Spruce 4—Pyramidal Arbor Vitae

5—Globe Arbor Vitae 6—Colorado Blue Spruce

7—Savin's Juniper 8—Black Hill Spruce

WITHIN this coniferous group of evergreens we have the most valued of plants for landscape effect. They vary in tints and shades from the dark green to the steel blue and golden colors. Many are dwarf and others can be kept sheared at any size and in various forms.

The diversity of growth provides for any condition or place that they may wish to be used. For winter cheer evergreens cannot be excelled.

Types of Evergreens

SPREADING TYPES

Juniperus Sabina (Savin Juniper) Juniperus Canadensis (Canadensis Juniper) Juniperus Pfitzeriana (Pfitzer's Juniper)

GLOBULAR FORM

Globe Arbor Vitae (Thuya Globosa) Mugho Pine (Pinus Mughus) Siberian Arbor Vitae

COLUMNAR FORM

American Arbor Vitae (Thuya Occidentalis) Red Cedar (Juniperus Virginiana)

PYRAMIDAL TYPES

Balsam Firs Pyramidal Arbor Vitae The Pines (except Mugho) The Spruces



Black Hill Spruce

Old Fashioned Flowers-Hardy Perennials

THE LOVE for old fashioned flowers increases each year. As we tend to move away from nature's spacious outdoor garden, the demand for some few of the old favorites arises and we try to find a little space on our small city lot for the culture of these true perennial friends. When we see them in the garden with always some variety in bloom, their popularity can be easily determined.

With the first columbine and hardy pansy in the spring through the pageant of larkspur, peonies, fox gloves, coreopsis, and phlox, finally ending with the aster in late fall, the picture repeats itself year in and year out increasing in beauty and size.

We can make a judicious selection for you, insuring a constant supply of flowers for home decoration.

ACHILLEA

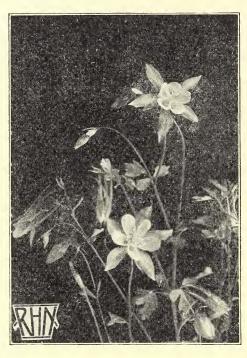
Achillea Eupatorium—FERN-LEAVED YARROW. Plant growing three to four feet, with finely cut foliage, and bright yellow flowers all

Millefolium Roseum—ROSY MILFOIL. Finely cut foliage, flat flower heads, color magenta.

Ptarmica Boule de Neige—BALL
OF SNOW. Double flowers
of the purest white, borne
freely most of the summer.
One and one-half to two feet.

Ptarmica Fl. Pl.—THE PEARL.

The plant is entirely covered from July to autumn with small double snowy white flowers. Two to three feet.



Columbine

AQUILEGIA— (Columbines)

These are among the most elegant and beautiful of hardy plants, producing their graceful spurred flowers on stems rising two feet or more above the divided foliage, and are highly prized for cutting.

Alba. White flowers.

Canadensis. The native bright red and yellow variety.

Crysantha. Bright yellow, long spurred.

Coerulea. Blue and white, long spurred flowers. The Rocky Mountain columbine.

Mixed. Delightful combination of colors in short and long spurred, double and single varieties.

Artemesia Frigida—COLORA-DO MOUNTAIN FRINGE. A plant with silvery gray foliage. Useful as a border to beds of other flowers.

ACONITUM—(Monkshood)

The stems are slender and leafy, with many hooded flowers of much beauty. Invaluable for semi-shady places.

Napellus Bicolor. Low and compact. Flowers blue and white. Three to four feet.

Spark's Variety. Tall and slender. The flowers are a glistening, deep violet blue. Four to five feet high.

Anchusa Italica—DROPMORE VARIETY. Spreading plants of easy culture growing two to three feet high and producing a mass of rich gentian blue flowers nearly all summer.

Anthemis Tinctoria—GOLDEN MARGUERITE. Numerous small yellow flowers blooming from midsummer till frost. Very hardy. One to two feet high.

ASTERS

Fall Blooming—MICHAELMAS DAISIES. Some of the showiest of our late flowering hardy plants. For best effect they should be planted in masses.

Novae Angliae. Old New England Aster, three to four feet tall, wonderful fall show of deep violet-blue flowers remaining in bloom until the ground freezes.

Novi-Belgii. Reddish pink, four to five feet high.

Belamcanda Chinensis—BLACKBERRY LILY. An old garden favorite, with orange flowers spotted red, and clusters of shining black, roundish seeds resembling blackberries. Two to three feet high.

Bocconia Cordata—PLUME, POPPY. Stately hardy perennial, growing five to six feet high, with finely cut foliage and numerous creamy white flowers borne in terminal panicles.

Boltonia—FALSE CHAM-OMILE. Showy hardy perennial plants producing single aster-like flowers during the late summer and autumn months.

Asteroides. Flowers pure white, four to six feet.

Latisquama. Pink with a slight tinge of lavender, four to six feet.

CAMPANULAS

The Canterbury Bell, and Cup and Saucer varieties are true biennials, producing foliage the first year, their attractive blossoms the second year, then die. To keep a succession of bloom one should plant them every year. Calycanthema—CUP AND SAUCER. A double form of the Canterbury Bells. In blue, rose or white.

Carpatica—CARPATHIAN HAREBELL. A dwarf com-

pact plant growing six to eight inches high. Bears clear, blue flowers on erect stems from June to September. Excellent border plant.

Carpatica Alba. A pure white form of the above.

Medium CANTERBURY BELLS. Among the many plants flowering in late May and June, the Canterbury Bells are among the showiest and most effective. A biennial blooming one season and then dying. We have them in blue, pink or white.

Percisifolia—PEACH BELLS. Flowers broadly bell shape. Blue or white. Two feet.

Pyramidalis—CHIMNEY BELLFLOWER. Grows four to five feet high and bears large blue or white flowers in August.

Chinese Lantern Plant—PHYSALIS FRANCHETII.
Bright orange scarlet lantern-like fruits; which when cut
will last all winter and make the best house decoration
obtainable.

Clematis Recta—SHRUBBY CLEMATIS. One of the best hardy perennials, with handsome pure white flowers in very large showy clusters during June and July. Two to three feet.

Davidiana. A most desirable variety with bright green foliage and tubular bell-shaped flowers of deep, lavender blue during August and September. Two to three feet.

Coreopsis Lanceolata—TICKSEED. A showy and valuable plant with an abundance of yellow flowers on long stems; fine for cutting. Blooms very early and stays until frost. Two to three feet high.

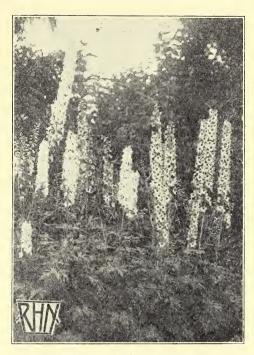
DAHLIAS

One of the best summer and autumn flowering plants and now enjoying a wide popularity. The roots must be dug up after the first frosts and stored in cellar over winter. The following is a description of the best sorts:

Clifford W. Bruton. Very large, clear canary yellow.

Golden Wedding. A giant in flower and plant. Deep golden yellow.

Grand Duke Alexis. Pure white shading to a most delicate and charming shell pink.



Larkspurs-Gold Medal Hybrid

Jack Rose. The best crimson for garden or cutting.

Kriemhilde. Deep rose pink with lighter center. One of the finest cactus Dahlias.

Lyndhurst. Brightest vermilion. Red Hussar. Richest dazzling cardinal red.

Sylvia. Deep pink tinting to flesh pink at center; large perfect form, on long stiff stems. One of the best for cutting or garden.

THE HARDY LARKSPURS

(Delphiniums)

These deserve an important place in the perennial border. The flower stalks of white and various shades of blue, are produced from the latter part of June until August.

Belladonna. Most continuous bloomer of all Larkspurs, with delicate, clear turquoise blue flowers. Four to five feet.

Chinese. Dwarf variety, with fine feathery foliage and deep gentian blue flowers. One to two feet. Also come in white,

Formosum. Old favorite, dark blue, with white center; four to five feet high. Strong grower and free bloomer.

Gold Medal Hybrids. This is an extra fine strain of strong, vigorous habit, with immense spikes of large flowers from two to three feet long, mostly in fine shades of light blue. Five to six feet.

DIANTHUS—HARDY PINKS

Without spicy fragrance of the hardy pinks a garden is incomplete.

Barbatus—SWEET WILLIAM. A well known, old fashioned garden favorite; free flowering and very showy when in bloom. Assorted colors.

Latifolius Atrococcineus Fl. P.—EVERBLOOMING HY-BRID SWEET WILLIAM. A variety producing masses of brilliant crimson flowers all season. Ten to twelve inches high.

Newport Pink. Watermelon pink or salmon, rose colored flowers borne during midsummer in massive heads on stems about eighteen inches high.

Plumarius—GRASS PINK. Low, tufted variety rarely exceeding one foot in height. Blooming in early summer with many fragrant flowers varying in color from white to purple and variegated.

Dicentra Spectabilis—BLEEDING HEART. An old fashioned favorite; its long racemes of graceful heart-shaped pink flowers are always attractive, and perfectly at home in any part of the hardy border, and especially valuable for planting in the shade.

Digitalis Gloxiniaeflora—FOXGLOVE. A well-known garden plant, bearing spikes of long, tubular flowers in rose, purple, or white. Needs winter protection. Biennial.

Grandiflora. A true perennial, bearing flowers similar to above variety but yellow in color.

Ferns, Hardy. Succeed best in a shady location protected from strong winds. Ferns require a good deep rich soil and plenty of moisture.

Funkia-PLANTAIN LILY. The broad, massive foliage of the plantain lilies makes them attractive even when not in blossom. Especially adapted to shady locations. One to two feet.

Coerulea. Spikes of light blue flowers and large handsome, dark green foliage.

Subcordata Grandiflora. Bears pure white, lily-shaped, fragrant flowers in August and September.

Variegata. Green and white variegated foliage, purple flowers. Very conspicuous.

Gaillardia Grandiflora.—BLAN-KET FLOWER. One of the showiest hardy plants, growing about two feet high and succeeding in any soil in a sunny position; beginning to flower in June, they continue the entire season. The large flowers are of gorgeous coloring. The center is dark red brown, while the petals are marked with rings of brilliant crimson, orange and vermillion, and often a combination of all in one flower; excellent for cutting. Not affected by early frost.

Gypsophila Paniculata —BABY'S BREATH. Grows two to three feet high forming a large symmetrical clump.

Paniculata Flore Plena. This is a decided improvement

on the single flowering Baby's Breath. The little double rosette-like flowers which are produced in large branching panicles two to three feet high, are not only valuable to cut for immediate use, but can be cut and dried, retaining their beauty for months.

GLADIOLUS

One of the most beautiful flowers and so easily grown that no one should hesitate to plant freely of these bulbs. As cut flowers they are very showy and last several days. There is no other flower with such variety of coloring. If bulbs are planted at intervals of ten days, choice flowers may be had from the first of August until October. The bulbs must be taken up in October and placed in cellar until spring. We offer the following choice sorts:

America. Beautiful, soft flesh pink.

Baron Hulot. Rich, deep indigo blue.

Chicago White. White with lavender markings. Flower small but early.

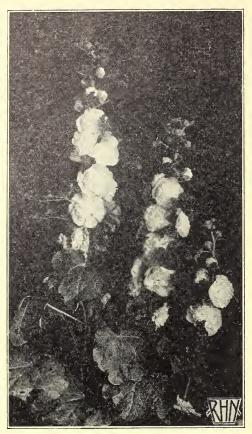
Distinction. Dark red, very tall, one of the best bloomers. Glory of Holland. One of the finest new white varieties introduced from Holland.

Groff's Silver Trophy Mixture. This stain affords an unusually fine range of colors and has attracted attention on two continents. One of the finest mixtures possible to make.

Halley. A lovely salmon-pink with lower portion blotched red and yellow.

Mrs. Francis King. A fine, strong growing variety with large spikes of showy flowers. Color a bright shade of pure scarlet.

Niagara. In color the flowers are a delightful cream shade with the two lower inside petals or segments blending to canary yellow. The throat is splashed with carmine, and the lower ends of the outside petals are blotched with carmine.



Hollyhocks

Panama. A grand pink variety which evokes words of praise wherever exhibited. Spike long, with flowers large and well arranged.

Primulinus. Early yellow, a very profuse bloomer, excel-

lent for cutting.

Princeps. Rich crimson with very deep shadings in throat, and magnificent large white blotches on lower petals.

Prince Pine. A beautiful crimson with a touch of white, very good bloomer, splendid

for cutting.

Schwaben. A magnificent variety of strong growth with strong erect spikes of large, well expanded flowers of a clear canary-yellow with a small blotch of deep garnet in the throat.

Velvet King. Dark scarlet. Fine variety.

Willy Wigman. Blush white, dark blotch, fine form.

HELENIUM

Autumnale Superbum— SNEEZE WORT. Hardy plant of easy culture, in sunny location, growing four to six feet high; producing during late summer and autumn spreading heads of golden yellow flowers.

Hoopesi. Plant growing about two feet high, bearing pure orange yellow flowers about two and one-half inches across in June and July

in June and July.

Riverton Beauty. Rich lemon yellow with large purplish black cone. August and September; three to four feet. Riverton Gem. Old gold, changing to wall-flower red August and September. Three feet.

HELIPOSIS

Pitcheriana—ORANGE SUNFLOWER. Hardy perennial growing two to three feet high, bearing deep yellow flowers about two inches in diameter, which appear from July and August until the end of summer.

Scabra Zinniaflora. Double flowering form of the Orange Sunflower, growing about twenty-four inches high, and producing during July and August, golden yellow flowers closely resembling a Zinnia in form. Desirable cut flowers.

DAY LILIES (HEMEROCALLIS)

Flava-YELLOW DAY LILY or LEMON LILY. One of the best and hardiest of all perennial plants, growing two to three feet high, with narrow, grass-like foliage, and deep lemon yellow, fragrant flowers from early June until well into July. The individual flower is of a rather short duration, but there is a rapid succession of bloom, so that each plant makes a good showing continuously during its flowering period.

Florham. A choice variety with large, sweet scented.

golden yellow flowers, during June and July.

Fulva—TAWNY DAY LILY or GOLDEN LILY. Grows from four to five feet high with trumpet-shaped flowers of a neutral orange color with darker shadings; June and July. Does well in shade.

HEUCHERA

Sanguinea Rosea—CORAL BELLS. A mostdesirable compact plant of robust constitution. Grows one and one-half to two feet high, and bears during June and July; loose, graceful spikes of coral-red flowers. Excellent for cutting. Also comes in white colors.

HIBISCUS

Hibiscus Moscheutos, Crimson Eye-MALLOW. A tall perennial plant growing about four feet high, producing immense pure white flowers with crimson center. August and September.

Meehan's Mallow Marvels. magnificent strain of hardy Mallows, which for size and profusion of bloom and richness of coloring are among the most striking and beautiful perennials that grow. Flowers eight to ten inches in diameter ranging in color through various shades of red, pink and white.



Siberian White. Very showy when planted in combination with the blue.

Lathyrus Latifolia — HARDY SWEET PEA. A rampant grower, resembling the annual Sweet Pea. It is a good trellis plant, and is adapted as a cover to wild, rough places; such as a rock garden or embankment. It succeeds in shade and grows rapidly. Pink, white, light pink.

LILIUMS

ilium Auratum—GOLD BANDED LILY. The flowers Lilium are large and graceful, composed of six petals of a delicate ivory white, thickly studded with chocolate crimson spots, and striped through the center a golden yellow. Needs good winter protection.

Elegans. There are innumerable varieties of this lily varying in color from deep rich orange to apricot and flaming red shades. Blossoms large, borne in clusters at tip of short, stout stems.

Myriophyllum-REGAL LILY. This variety we consider the finest of all Lilies. Not only on account of its large white fragrant flowers, but owing to its extreme hardiness and easy culture. It is absolutely hardy in all localities. The flowers are very large, white and slightly suffused with pink, with a beautiful shade of canary yellow at extreme base of center. Delightfully perfumed reminding one of Jessamine. Blooms in July.

Speciosum Rubrum or Roseum. White, heavily spotted with rich rosy crimson. Should be well protected during winter.

Tigrinum—SINGLE TIGER LILY. A popular garden lily with large, bright orange blossoms, marked with dark spots.

Tigrinum Fl. Pl.-DOUBLE TIGER LILY. This magnificent lily is borne in immense clusters on tall stems. The flowers are very large, frequently six inches across, and very double. Color deep fiery red, spotted with black.

Lily of the Valley (Convallaria Majalis). A well known little favorite. Should be planted in a partly shaded location.

Linum-FLAX. Dainty, feathery foliage and sparkling single flowers all summer. Blue or white.

Lobelia Cardinalis—CARDINAL FLOWER. Growing two to four feet high, producing vivid crimson flowers on long spikes in August and September.

Lupinus Poluphullus-LUPINES. Effective plants, producing large spikes of flowers in an assortment of blues, pinks and whites.

Lychnis Chalcedonia-CAMPION. Plant of easy culture, growing two to three feet high, producing brilliant vermil-lion scarlet flowers in June and July. Showy border plant and good for cutting.

Lysimachia Nummularia-CREEPING ENNY. Valuable for planting under trees or shrubs where grass will not grow. It quickly forms a dense carpet, and bears bright yellow flowers which make it attractive.

Monarda Diduma-OSWEGO TEA. Grows from two to three feet high, with brilliant crimson scarlet flowers during July and August. Adapted to any soil or location.

Myosotis-FORGET-ME-NOT. Clusters of dainty blue flowers. Few spring flowers are more admired than the lovely Forget-Me-Nots, which are especially effective when grown in masses.

HOLLYHOCKS

Are undoubtedly among the most ornamental and handsome garden flowers, with their tall spikes, dotted all the way up with large flowers of the most lovely shades and colors. They fit in the smallest garden, and can be used with great effect in all kinds of borders, shrubbery, against the house or along the fence. No matter where they are planted they are always hand-some, pleasing and ornamental. A slight protection during the winter will be beneficial. We offer them in double red, pink, white, yellow and maroon.

IRIS

No garden would seem complete without a collection of these well-known, old-fashioned plants which are of easy culture and among the best of our early flowering sorts. We offer the following choice varieties:

Brooklyn. Standards por russet. Very attractive. Standards porcelain, falls light blue-veined

Canary Bird. Standards bright yellow, falls deep yellow. One of the best.

Fragrans. White edged with blue; falls white with blue penciling.

Standards soft clouded yellow, falls velvety Hector. crimson black; attractive.

Honorable. Intense yellow, falls a beautiful bronze. L'African. Rosy purple, falls darker, veined white at base. Madam Chereau. Pure white, edged with azure blue! falls deep with blue penciling.

Mrs. H. Darwin. Very fine large white.

Neclecta. Uprights fine blue; falls deep blue. Large flower. Penelope. Standards white, falls white veined red.

Pallida Dalmatica. Standards lavender, falls lavender shaded blue. Exquisite in every way and fine for massing.

Queen of the Gypsies. Dusky light bronze, falls purple red. Kaempferi-JAPANESE IRIS. The blooms rival the orchids in their richness, purity and exquisite shadings of

color. Not very hardy.

Pumila—DWARF BEARDED IRIS. Purple flowers.

Grows about ten inches high, coming into bloom early in April. Suitable for border effect or in front of taller growing kinds.

Siberian Blue. Strong growers and very hardy. Flowers clear, borne on long stems. Valuable for cutting. Bloom later than the German Iris.

PEONIES

We have given special attention to growing Peonies for several years and are offering some of the choicest varieties, which we have fully tested and found to be vigorous growers and good bloomers. Double flowers four to six inches across, borne in May and June in the greatest profusion. Peonies are an investment that increase in value and beauty each year. No skill or special attention is required to make them succeed.



Peonies

Louis Van Houtte. Fine violet-red bloom of dazzling effect. A well formed and free blooming sort. Good for massing and cut flowers.

Madame de Verneville. A very valuable peony. Large, globular form. White, center petals tipped carmine; very fragrant. Blooms later than Festiva Maxima and equal if not superior in beauty.

Couronne d'Or. Very late. Good sized flowers of creamy white, reflecting golden tints from the collars of stamens inside; sometimes flaked carmine on center petals.

Delachii. Fine, dark crimson.

Duchesse De Nemours. Very fine cup-shaped bloom; sulphur white, with greenish reflex, fading to pure white. Exceptionally pretty in the bud. Late, and one of the best of the white sorts.

Duke of Wellington. Soft white, with pale, creamy white center.

Empress. Very large, splendid flowers, soft pink, fading to white. Late and a fine keeper.

Festiva Maxima. About the largest and undoubtedly the most popular Peony of them all. High built flowers borne on long stiff stems; the purest white, inner petals slightly tipped carmine. Early.

Floral Treasure. A marvel in beauty and blooming quality; most exquisitely fragrant. The fine, clear, bright pink flower remains a long time in bloom, is very double, brilliant and perfect in outline.

Francoise Ortegat. Dark, rich crimson. One of the most popular sorts.

Golden Harvest. Very striking, large, tri-colored blooms; guard-petals blush pink; center creamy blush white.

Grandiflora Rubra. Extra large, perfect balls of blood red, magnificent flowers. Given good rich soil the flowers will be immense in size, often eight to nine inches across and so double as to appear like perfect balls. A late variety.

Humei Pleno. It is a large rose pink, compact, glorious flower

Karl Rosenfield. Very large, globular, compact, semi-rose type; dark crimson; very strong, tall and excellent bloomer; fragrant; splendid keeper when cut.

La Tulipe. Enormous globular, fragrant flowers. Delicate blush-white shading to ivory white, with red tulip markings on outside of guard petals. A distinct, grand cut flower variety.

L'Esperance. Exceedingly fine, vivid rose colored flowers, high, full center, very compact, early and free blooming, highly perfumed. The best rose-colored Peony.

Madame Crousse. Large, fragrant, pure white flowers, sometimes slight crimson markings in the center. Flowers compact and of fine form. A choice variety.

Marie Lemoine. Extra large, late, free flowering, ivory white. Very choice.

Officinalis Rubra Pleno. The well-known, very early, double crimson.

Queen Victoria or Whitleyi. A full, strong, white flower. A good bloomer.

Rosea Magna. Strong growing pink variety.

Rubra Triumphans. Early bloomer; flowers like glowing crimson satin, intense, rich and brilliant; sweet scented.

Rubra Superba. Dark crimson, fine form and fragrant. Vigorous grower and good bloomer when well established. Very late.

Victor Tri-Colors. Outer petals pale rose, mottled with pink; center ones yellowish white, with few red marks; very large, full and sweet.

Walter Morgan. The Golden. The demand for a yellow Peony has been increasing year by year, and this comes the nearest to a real yellow we have ever seen.

POPPY (Papaver)

Papaver Nudicaule—ICELAND POPPY. The plant is of neat habit, forming a tuft of bright green fern-like foliage, from which spring, throughout the entire season, a profusion of slender leafless stems one foot high, each graced with charming cup-shaped flowers.

Orientale—ORIENTAL POPPY. The flowers are five to seven inches across, produced on tall stems, and are of the most intense and brilliant crimson imaginable; each flower has a black spot in the center. Blooms in June.

Orientale Princess. Victoria Louise. A fine salmon pink variety.

PENTSTEMONS

Barbatus Torrei—BEARD TONGUE. Useful, showy, perennial plant, growing three to four feet high and bearing spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers in June and July.

Digitalis. Large spikes of long purple and white flowers with purple throats. June and July. Two to three feet.

Pubescens. Flowers a bright rosy-purple. One foot high.

PHLOX

Among hardy perennial plants no class is of more importance than the Phlox, succeeding in almost any position and flowering from midsummer until late in the fall. Phlox bloom the same summer after planting. Great improvements have been effected within the past few years. We now have them in clear, bright colors, as well as in most delicate shades, blended in beautiful combinations which everyone admires. The following varieties are among the choicest grown:

Bridesmaid. Pure white, with large crimson eye.

Elizabeth Campbell. Salmon pink, very large, fragrant. One of the best.

Madame Bezanson. Beautiful crimson, good bloomer. One of the best.

Mrs. Chas. Door. Violet rose very tall, profuse bloomer. Excellent.

Mrs. Jenkins. Early white, immense panicles. One of the best.

Miss Lingard. The earliest white, very long, loose, graceful panicles; the florist's favorite. Comes into bloom about July 1st. See cut.

Pantheon. A large, beautiful, pure pink variety. We consider it the best pink.

Richard Wallace. White with violet-red eye.

R. P. Struthers. Rose carmine with claret eye. Very bright.

Rosenberg. Crimson-purple. Very dark.

Rynstrom. Carmine-rose, excellent for cutting, fragrant.

Sir Ed Landseer. Light red, rose tinged, vigorous grower.

Subulata—MOSS PINK. Low spreading stems, narrow
moss-like leaves. Flowers pink or white.

Sunset. A dark pink shade, very fine for cutting, good

Fraulein G. Von Lassburg. Extremely large florets and fine trusses. Pure white. A choice variety.

Physostegia Virginica—FALSE DRAGON-HEAD. One of the best summer blooming hardy perennials, bearing spikes of beautiful tubular flowers in July and August. We have then in pink and white.

Platycodon Grandiflorum—BALLOON FLOWER or JAP-ANESE BELL-FLOWER. Blooms constantly from July until late in September; flowers large, bell-shaped and of a deep shade of blue. An extremely rapid grower, making a dense branching bush two to three feet high.

Grandiflorum Album. Same as above only flowers are white.

PYRETHRUM

Hybridum—PERSIAN DAISY. The daisy-like flowers are both single and double in shades of white, pink and red to deep crimson. The blossoms are produced on long graceful stems, making it a very desirable cut flower.

Leucanthemum—OX-EYE DAISY. A very prolific, free flowering variety resembling Shasta Daisy. White blossoms. Very hardy.

Pyrethrum Uliginosum—GIANT DAISY. A hardy, tall growing plant, throwing out innumerable long stems which bear clusters of large pure white flowers with yellow centers. Blooms late in summer and continues until cut off by frost.



Phlox

Ranunculus Repens—BUTTER-CUP. A pretty double flowering, bright golden-yellow Buttercup. Masses of blossoms, during May and June.

Ribbon Grass—Phalaris Arundinacea Variegata. Green leaves, striped lengthwise with creamy white.

RUDBECKIAS

Laciniata—GOLDEN GLOW. Strong, robust grower, attaining a height of five to six feet. Produces masses of double goldenyellow flowers from July to September.

Nitida—AUTUMN SUN. Plant growing four to six feet high, bearing attractive single flowers with broad petals of light yellow during August and September.

Purpurea—PURPLE CONE FLOWER. Blossoms about four inches across of a peciluar reddishpurple, with a remarkably large cone-shaped center of brown. July to August.

Scabiosa Caucasica—BLUE BON-NET. A beautiful shade of lavender, on stems eighteen to twenty-four inches, from June until September.

SEDUM

Sedum Spectabilis. Plant growing about eighteen inches high, with light green glaucous foliage, large heads of showy rose colored flowers in late autumn.

Brilliant. A rich colored form of the preceding having bright red flowers.

Shasta Daisy, Alaska. Large, pure white flowers, produced freely nearly all summer, on long stems. Excellent for cutting.

Spirae Aruncus—MEADOW SWEET. Plant with attractive foliage, growing three to four feet high and producing in June and July, long feathery panicles of white flowers.

STATICE

Latifolia—SEA LAVENDER or LAVENDER BABYS BREATH. The flowers may be cut and dried, and used for house decoration for months.

Stokesia Cyana—CORNFLOWER ASTER—Has lavender-blue blossoms, from July until frost. Very hardy, grows about 24 inches high. Excellent for cut flowers.

Valeriana Officinalis—HARDY GARDEN HELIO-TROPE. Hardy erect growing perennial, three to four feet, with branching stems, each terminated with clusters of rosy tinted white flowers with a heliotrope odor. June and July.

Vinca Minor—TRAILING MYRTLE. An evergreen trailing plant, very adaptable for covering ground under trees and shrubs where grass will not grow.

Viola Cornuta—TUFTED PANSIES. Their flowers are not so large as those of the Pansy, but their bright colors and free flowering habit make them fine additions to any garden. All colors.

Yucca Filamentosa—ADAM'S NEEDLE. Long, narrow, bright green leaves. The flowers are creamy white, bell-shaped, produced on long stems three to four feet high.

Hardy Apples

E CATALOG only varieties that have been well tried and have proven most satisfactory in our territory. It always has been our policy to offer a comparatively short list of fruits. We can assure you they are well adapted to your particular use.

HARDY APPLES

ANISIM. A valuable apple of Russian origin. Fruit of medium size, good flavored. A heavy bearer.

DUCHESS OF OLDENBURG. (Russian). A well-known and highly esteemed variety. It bears young, regularly and abundantly, fruit of excellent quality. Of large size and beautifully colored; excellent for cooking, either green or ripe. Flavor, a sprightly sub-acid. Season, August to September.

ERICKSON. A new large red summer apple originated at Aitkin, Minn. One of the most promising new varieties for both home and market use.

GOODHUE. Very hardy. Resembles Wealthy in appearance. Rich red color; delicious quality. Hangs until fully ripened.

HARALSON. An early bearing variety; tree medium size, vigorous, upright, hardy. Fruit medium to large size, roundish, slightly flattened, solid red color. Flesh fine grained, tender, juicy; keeps in storage until early spring.

HIBERNAL (Russian). A perfect ironclad in constitution. The hardiest apple we know of. An early and regular bearer, very productive. The fruit is large and resembles the Duchess. Good for cooking.

IOWA BEAUTY. Fruit large, good quality and a little later than the Duchess.

LONGFIELD (Russian). A young and regular bearer. Fruit of good quality, but rather small.

MALINDA. Greenish yellow, medium size; a good eating apple.

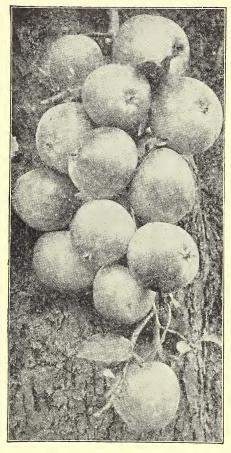
McMAHON'S WHITE. Fruit extra large, almost white; a fine cooking and eating apple.

MILWAUKEE. A large, productive and good keeping variety.

NORTHWESTERN GREENING. A fine, large, greenish yellow apple of good quality.

OKABENA. Tree a fine grower, straight and symmetrical. Fruit medium size and good quality. Ripens shortly after the Duchess.

PATTEN'S GREENING. Fruit large, green; flesh white, excellent for cooking and eating.



Virginia Crab Apple

PEERLESS. Fruit medium size, yellowish green [and stripes of carmine.

REDWING. The select long keeping apple of the famous Perkins Seedling orchard of Red Wing, Minnesota, which has swept the boards at the Minnesota State Fairs for years past, and taken the Wilder Medal at the meeting of the American Pomological Society at Boston, Mass. The fruit is superior in size, beauty, quality and keeping; and the tree a model of health; vigor and productiveness, having stood the test of Manitoba winters. October to April.

WEALTHY. Originated at Lake Minnetonka, Minnesota. Fruit of the very best quality. Tree vigorous, fruit large, regular, bright carmine striped on yellow ground. It bears when very young. A good market variety.

WOLF RIVER. Fruit very large; greenish yellow, shaded with red.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT.
Medium, round, rather conical;
skin yellow, almost transparent,
flesh very crisp, sub-acid and of
a good quality.

HARDY CRABAPPLES

EARLY STRAWBERRY. The earliest crab. Beautiful, medium size and of good eating quality. Season, August.

FLORENCE. Large, light yellow streaked with red.

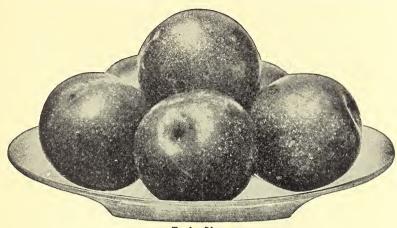
HYSLOP. A good winter crab. Fruit large, sub-acid. November to February.

TRANSCENDENT. A tree well known for hardiness and productiveness. A very rapid grower. It occasionally blights. Flesh yellow, crisp and of excellent flavor. September to October.

VIRGINIA. A fine grower, free from blight. Fruit size of Transcendent, color red. September to October.

WHITNEY No. 20. Very hardy, productive, handsome in foliage. A dessert apple of good quality. Color red, flesh juicy, tender and rich.

TWIN CITIES PLUMS



Tonka Plums

Plums

LORING PRIZE PLUM. This is the largest and best plum known for Northern planters because it is a good commercial fruit, is good for canning, delicious to eat, has a small pit, is of a bright attractive color and is bound to be in great demand at a good price.

DE SOTO. Fruit large, almost red, flesh solid, rich, juicy and sweet. The ground should be well manured when they come into bearing.

FOREST GARDEN. Fruit large, oblong, red and yellow. Highly flavored. Ripens early.

SURPRISE. A highly esteemed variety. Fruit large and of good quality.

TERRY. One of the largest and best hardy plums. Fruit unusually large red, quite firm and of good flavor.

WOLF. Fruit large, perfect freestone, small pit. August.

COMPASS CHERRY-PLUM. Originated in Minnesota.

The fruit resembles the plum but has a cherry flavor.

The fruit is very fine for cooking or canning.

MINNESOTA FRUIT BREEDING FARM PLUMS

ELLIOTT. A strong grower, hardy and heavy bearer. Fruit of good size, pit small, quality good.

GOLDENROD. A yellow variety of medium size, well flavored, production heavy.

MONITOR. A promising new variety. Tree vigorous and productive. Fruit large, almost round, color dark red, quality good.

TONKA. A fine flavored juicy plum of large size, good keeper and market variety.

UNDERWOOD. (Minnesota No. 91). One of the new, hardy plums originated at the Fruit Breeding Farm near Excelsior. Fruit attractive red with fairly firm juicy flesh, small pit, clingstone, hangs well and ripens over a long period.

HANSEN HYBRID PLUMS

HANSKA. This is a rapid grower. When ripe the fruit is a bright red with a heavy bloom, flesh is firm, yellow and of good quality.

OPATA. The tree bears exceedingly early, often loaded with fruit the year following planting. The fruit is purple, the flesh is green, flavor very pleasant.

SAPA. The fruit is of a dark purple color, being the same color through to the pit. It is very fine for eating from the tree and is unexcelled for canning. Ripens early.

WANETA. One of the best of Prof. Hansen's hybrids. Fruit red, two inches in diameter, weighing two ounces, thin-skinned and of a sweet, delicious flavor.

CHERRIES

EARLY RICHMOND. Red, acid, excellent for cooking or drying. June.

HOMER. The Homer cherry is the earliest and the most prolific bearer and the largest and sweetest of anything grown in the West.

WRAGG. Dark purple, extra fine quality, hardy and productive. July.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DWARF CHERRY. A dwarf cherry growing about four feet high. Fruit of fair size, and an early bearer.

ZUMBRA. Introduced by the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. An early bearing and extremely productive variety. Will bear a heavy crop the year after setting. Fruit very dark nearly black, flesh firm, greenish sometimes tinged with red when fully ripe. Ripens about the middle of August.

Small Fruits

GRAPES

The Alpha, Beta and Hungarian varieties are hardy without winter protection. All other varieties should be covered for the winter.

ALPHA. Fruit is larger than Beta and of good quality. Perfectly hardy without covering.

BETA. The Beta is perfectly hardy, a rapid grower, early bearer, good sized fruit, bunches often weighing one-half to one pound each and of fair quality. Color and appearance about same as Concord. Well adapted for covering porches, fences, etc., or will do well planted out by itself. The best grape for jelly or grape juice.

HUNGARIAN. Fruit is of fair size and quality good. Resembles Alpha.

AGAWAM. Dark red, bunch and berries very large. Ripens about with Concord.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY. Round fruit, flesh rather firm but tender; quality rich and sweet.

CONCORD. A well-known black grape, medium size, early and of fair quality. Vine hardy, healthy and productive.

DELAWARE. Light red, bunches and berries small to medium size.

MOORE'S EARLY. Black, earlier and larger than Concord, but not as productive.

POCKLINGTON. White, bunch and berries large.

WORDEN. Bunch and berries large; ripens before Concord.

STRAWBERRIES (EVERBEARING)

PROGRESSIVE. The best Everbearing strawberry. The fruit is of good size, fine flavor, smooth of good color and appearance.

SUPERB. The fruit is large, round, rich dark color, glossy and attractive.

DULUTH. Formerly called No. 1017. Plant vigorous, fruit large and of good quality.



Beta Grape

JUNE-BEARING STRAWBERRIES

Varieties marked (P) have imperfect flowers and must be planted near those having perfect flowers marked (S).

BEDERWOOD (S). Large, early, bright red, good quality.

CRESCENT (P). Medium size, bright, light scarlet.

HAVERLAND (P). Large, bright red, excellent flavor.

MINNESOTA. Formerly known as No. 3 (S). Originated at the Plant Breeding Station near Excelsior, Minnesota. Fruit large and of good quality.

SENATOR DUNLAP (S). This is the leading strawberry throughout the United States. It does well everywhere and produces enormous crops of fruit regularly. Senator Dunlap has perfect blossom, bearing a good crop planted

alone; is hardy, productive, a splendid keeper. Senator Dunlap is a very heavy bearer of good size, evenly shaped fruit of a very beautiful dark red color, and its flavor is delicious. A first class shipper and retains its brightness long after being picked. It always looks well on the market and sells quickly at top prices. We cannot well recommend Senator Dunlap too highly, as we guarantee it to please you in every way.

SPLENDID (S). Large, bright red, firm, excellent flavor.

WARFIELD (P). Fair size, dark red, firm and early.

ASPARAGUS

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL. Very large, tender and early. The best asparagus.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE. This variety is of excellent quality, produces shoots that are very white.

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

LINNEAUS. A rhubarb of fine quality. VICTORIA. Very large, early, fine quality, tender.

Small Fruits

CURRANTS

CHERRY. Large, deep red, rather acid; bunches short; plants erect, stout, vigorous and productive.

FAY'S PROLIFIC. Plant of spreading habit. One of the largest red currants grown. Very prolific and easy to pick. Color red, flavor superior to Red Dutch. Not quite hardy in the Far North.

LONDON MARKET. For many years this variety has been fruiting and is now regarded as the best market variety. Plant is extremely vigorous, with perfect foliage which it retains through the season; an enormous cropper.

NORTH STAR. Strongest growers among the red varieties; should be given plenty of room and the ground kept well enriched.

PERFECTION. In color it is a beautiful bright red and of size larger than the Fay's Prolific, the clusters average larger and the size of the berries is maintained to the end of the bunch.

POMONA. Of good size; beautiful, clear, bright, almost transparent, red; sweet and good.

PRINCE ALBERT. A late ripening variety, very profitable for market.

RED DUTCH. Very productive, medium size, bright red, long bunches. Ripens early, good quality.

STEWART'S SEEDLING. Beautiful light red fruit of large size and good quality. Bush a strong and healthy grower. Produces large quantities of fruit, excellent flavor. An excellent variety for market purpose.

WHITE GRAPE. The best white. Large, mild flavored, good for table.

GOOSEBERRIES

CARRIE. When young, the Carrie has a vigorous, erect, upright growth, and as it begins to bear heavily its branches take on a spreading form. The fruit is a transparent green, turning to a rich wine or deep maroon color when fully ripe; is pleasant sub-acid; most excellent flavor, the skin tender, the flesh fine-grained and meaty. One of the heaviest producers.

DOWNING. Greenish white, large, oval, hardy, healthy and productive.

HOUGHTON. Fruit pale red, medium size, roundish oval, sweet and very productive.

PEARL. A robust grower, free from mildew and very productive. Fruit resembles the Downing, but is larger.

RED JACKET or JOSSELYN. Fruit of very large size, smooth, red and of the best quality.



Latham Raspberries

RASPBERRIES

COLUMBIAN. Good for canning, retaining to a large extent its form, color and flavor.

GOLDEN QUEEN. A large yellow raspberry of good quality.

GREGG. Late, very large, firm and of fine flavor.

KING. Plant a strong grower, very hardy and productive. Berry is firm, a good shipper; large size; beautiful bright scarlet color; ripens with the earliest.

LATHAM (Minnesota No. 4). Introduced by the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Station. It is by far the most popular variety grown, both for market and the home garden. The bush is vigorous and hardy without winter protection; bears a heavy crop of extra large fruit of the best quality. The largest and best variety for canning.

LOUDON. Berries red, large, firm and late. Plant hardy, vigorous and productive.

MILLER. A popular market variety, and one of the earliest to ripen. Fruit bright red and of good quality.

MINNETONKA IRONCLAD. The berries are large, rich crimson color, firm and of excellent quality.

OHIO. Berry early, medium size, bright color, firm and of good quality. Black.

ST. REGIS EVERBEARING. Fruit commences to ripen with the earliest and continuing on young canes until October. Berries bright crimson, large size, rich, sugary, with full raspberry flavor. Flesh firm and meaty.

SUNBEAM. A variety introduced by Prof. N. E. Hanson of the South Dakota State Experiment Station at Brookings. Prof. Hanson does not claim this new variety to be larger or of better quality than some other kinds, but claims it will stand without protection on the prairies of Dakota. Those who have tried growing rapsberries on the exposed prairie know how difficult it is and will be glad to learn of this variety.

BLACKBERRIES

ANCIENT BRITON. A popular market variety. The fruit is of fine quality and produced in great abundance.

LUCRETIA. This is one of the low-growing, trailing blackberries. Should be mulched to keep the berries off the ground. Fruit large and rich. The earliest blackberry.

SNYDER. One of the best for the far North. Early, sweet, juicy.

Hardy Ornamental Shrubs

BY PLANTING Rose Hill shrubs you are not adding an expense, for they enhance real estate values. When you use our grade of stock you safeguard your investment. Always specify sizes and grades of stock when ordering.

CIZE	ANID	PRICE	DED	EVCH

	SIZE AND PRICE PER EACH									
				sery Ru		Extra Heavy Stock			Stock	
HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS			2-3 ft.	3-4 ft.	4-5 ft.	18-24	2-3 ft.	3-4 ft.	4-5 ft.	5-6 ft.
	in.	in.				in.				
Almond, Flowering.			\$1.00	\$1.25			\$1.25	\$1.50		
Arrowwood			Ψ1.00	Ψ1.25			.50	.75		
Barberry, Thunberg's	\$.25	\$.40	.60			\$.50	.75	1.00		
Buckthorn			.35	.50			.50	.75	\$1.00	\$2.00
Buffalo Berry			.40	.60			.50	.75	1.00	
Burning Brush				75			.75	1.00		
Butterfly BushButton Bush			.50	.75			1.00	1.00		
Caragana, Siberian Pea Tree			.40	.60	\$.75		.50	.75	1.00	2.00
Cherry, Sand.			.40	.60			.50	.75		
Cherry, Purple Leaf Sand			1.00	1.50						
Cotoneaster,				1 : : : : :			.50	.75		3.00
Crab, Bechtel's Double Flowering			1.50	1.75	1.00		75	2.00	1 25	250
Cranberry, High Bush			.60	.75	1.00	.50	.75	1.00	1.25	2.50
Yellow Flowering.			.50	.75	1.00		.75	1.00	1.25	
Dogwood, Alternate-leaved.			.75	1.00						
Golden Barked			.40	.60			.50	.75		
Racemoses					3		.50	.75		
Red Twigged			.40	.60			.50	.75	1.00	
Siberian Siberian Variegated Leaved			.40	1.00			1.00	1.50	1.00	
Elder, Black Berried			.40	.60			.50	.75	1.00	2.00
Cut-leaved.			.40	.60			.50	.75	1.00	2.00
Golden-leaved			.40	.60			.50	.75	1.00	
Red Berried	1		.40	.60			.50	.75	1.00	
Forsythia, Fortune's Golden Bell			.50	.75						
Hawthorn or Thorn Apple Hercules Club or Devil's Walking Stick			.50	.75			1.00	1.50		
Honeysuckle, Morrow's			.40	.60			.50	.75	1.00	
Tartarian Red, Pink or White			.40	.60	.75		.50	.75	1.00	2.00
Hydrangea, Hardy			.60	.75			.75	1.00		
Hill of Snow			.60	.75			1	1.00	2.00	
Tree Form			.50					1.50	2.00	
JuneberryLilac, Common Purple				.60		::::::	.50	.75	1.00	2.50
Common White			.50	.75				1.00	1.50	2.50
Japan Tree							1.00	1.25		
Josikea			.75	1.00		11	1.00	1.25	1.50	2.50
Persian Rothomagensis, Persian			1.00	1.00		11	1.00	1.25	1.50	
Villosa, a choice variety				1.00			1.00	1.25	1.50	2.50
Alfonso Lavalle			1.00	1.25				1.50	2.00	
Belle de Nancy			1.00	1.25	1		1.25	1.50	2.00	
Chas. X			1.00	1.25			1.25	1.50	2.00	
Jacqus Callot			1.00	1.25			1.25	1.50 2.00	2.00	
Ludwig Spaeth			1.00	1.25			1.25	1.50	2.00	
Madame Lemoine				1.25				1.50	2.00	3.00
Madame Perier			1.00	1.25		11	1.25	1.50	2.00	
President Grevy	1:	1	1.00	1.25			1.25	1.50	2.00	3.00
Princess Alexandra			1.00	1.25			1.25	1.50	2.00	2.00
Olive, Russian			.40	.60			.50	.75	1.00	3.00
Plum, Double Flowering.							1.00	1.50	2.00	
Purple-leaved							1.00	1.50		
Rose Acacia				1.00			1.00	1.50		
Rosa Rugosa, Single Red			.50	.75			1.25	1.00		
Amelia Gravereaux—Red Belle Pontevine							1.25	1		
Blanc De Coubert—White			1.00				1.25	1		
Conrad F. Meyer—Pink			1.00				1.25			
F. J. Grootendorst—Red.			1.00				1.25			
Hansa Double Red—(Best Double Red)		· · · · · · ·	1.00	*			1.25			

ROSE HILL NURSERY ASSURES YOU HARDY STOCK GROWN HERE

	SIZE AND FRICE I EX EACH									
•	Ordinary Nursery Run				Extra Heavy Stock					
HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS	12-18 in.	18-24 in.	2-3 ft.	3-4 ft.	4-5 ft.	18-24 in.	2-3 ft.	3-4 ft.	4-5 ft.	5-6 ft
Rosa Blanda			\$.75	\$.75	\$.75	\$.40	\$.50 1.00 .75	\$1.00	\$1.00	
White	\$.50	\$.60	.40 .75 .75	1.00		.75	1.00 1.00 1.00	1.25	1.00	
Billardi Rosea Bridal Wreath or Van Houtte Callosa Alba Callosa Rosea	.50	.60°	.40	.60 .60			.50	.75 .75	1.00	\$2.50
Froebeli	.50	.60	.75 .40 .40 .75	.60 .60		.75	1.00 1.00 .50 .50	.75 .75	1.00	2.00
Thunberg's Tomentosa Sumach, Smooth Cut-leaved			.75 .40 .75	.60			1.00	75		
Cut-leaved Staghorn Syringa, Avalanche Dwarf Golden-leaved Large Flowered	.75	1.00	.40 .75 	.60 1.00 		1.25	1.00 1.50	.75 1.25 	1.00	2.00
Lemoine. Sweet Scented or Mock Orange. Virginal. Tamarix.		1.00	.50 .40 1.25 .50	.75 .60 			.75 .50 1.25 .75	1.00 .75 1.50 1.00	1.25	
Wayfaring Tree. Weigelia, Eva Rathke Rosea.			1.25				.75 1.50 1.25	1.00		3.00

Where stock is priced by the single plant, multiply by eleven to get dozen rates.

ROSES

WHITE Frau Karl Druschki

PINK Anna de Diesbach Clio Crested Moss Madame Gabriel Luizet Magna Charta Strong Field Grown—2 Years Old—\$1.00 Each
PINK—Continued
Mrs. John Lains

PINK—Continued Mrs. John Laing Paul Neyron RED

Capt. Hayward General Jacqueminot Gruss an Teplitz RED—Continued Hugh Dickson J. B. Clark Marshal P. Wilder Prince Camille de Rohan

YELLOW Mrs.¶Aaron Ward

Persian Yellow — ROSES — Harrison Yellow

BABY RAMBLER ROSES

Catherine Zeimet—White Baby Rambler—Red

Baby Doll—Yellow Baby Echo—Pink

CLIMBING ROSES

Crimson Rambler Dorothy Perkins 2 Year Old—\$1.00 Each Extra Heavy—\$1.25 Each White Dorothy Perkins Excelsa or Red Dorothy Perkins Queen of the Prairie

Tausendschoen Yellow Rambler

HYBRID RUGOSA ROSES (See Shrubs)

	Each	Eac
Amelia Gravereaux—Red	\$1.25	F. J. Grootendorst—Red\$1.2
Belle Poitevine—Pink	1.00	Hansa—Best Double Red
Blanc Double De Coubert—White	1.00	Rosa Rugosa—Red and White. (See Shrubs.)
Conrad Ferd. Meyer-Pink	1.00	

TREE ROSES

Red—White—Pink......\$3.00 Eacl

Ornamental Hedges

UR HEDGE material is grown right in our nursery from hardy, locally grown seed. We list only hardy northern hedge varieties. Our Cotoneaster and Buckthorn produce immediate hedges. Place your order now and get an early start.

Note the low prices on Buckthorn and Barberry

	0	rdinary l	Vursery 1	Run	Extra Heavy Stock		
VARIETY—Price Per 100	12-18	18-24	2-3 ft.	3-4 ft.	18-24	2-3 ft.	3-4 ft.
	in.	in.			in.		
Barberry, Thunberg's (extra fine plants)	\$20.00	\$25.00			\$30.00	\$40.00	
Buckthorn (excellent heavy stock)	8.00	10.00	\$12.50		12.00	15.00	\$20.00
Caragana, or Siberian Pea Tree	8.00	10.00	15.00	20.00		20.00	25.00
Cotoneaster (choice plants)	15.00				20.00	30.00	40.00
Currant, Alpine	20.00				35.00	45.00	
Dogwood, Red Twigged			25.00	30.00		30.00	35.00
Siberian			25.00	30.00		30.00	35.00
Honeysuckle, Tartarian					20.00	25.00	30.00
Lilac, Purple					20.00	25.00	30.00
Olive Russian			20.00	25.00	20.00	25.00	30.00
Spirea Van Houtte or Bridal Wreath	20.00	25.00	30.00	40.00	30.00	35.00	50.00
Willow, Golden			8.00	10.00			
Laurel-leaved			8.00	10.00			

Shade and Ornamental Trees

LANT TREES that you know are grown and handled in the proper manner by responsible men. This insures their reaching you in the best of condition. We will gladly quote on quantity for sub-division work. Prices on young forest trees grown from cuttings or seed can be had on request.

	PRICE PER EACH						
VARIETY		HEIGHT		DIAMETER			
	5-6 ft.	6-8 ft.	8-10 ft.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ in.	2 in.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ in.	3 in.
Ash, Green or White	\$.75	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$2.50	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$6.00
Basswood or Linden		1.50	2.50	3.50			
Birch, Canoe	1.50	2.00	3.00	4.00			
Cut-leaved Weeping	3.00	4.00					
European White	1.50	2.00	3.00	4.00			
Black Walnut	1.00	2.00					
Butternut	1.00	2.00					
Box Elder	.50	1.00	1.50	2.00	3.00		
Catalpa, Hardy	1.00	1.50	2.00	2.50			
Elm, American White	1.00	1.50	2.00	3.00	4.00	6.00	7.00
Hackberry			2.00	3.00	4.00		
Horse Chestnut	3.00	4.00		5.00	7.50		
Kentucky Coffee Tree		2.50					
Locust, Black or Yellow		1.50	2.50	3.50	4.00	6.00	
Thornless		2.00	3.00				
Maple, Hard		2.50	3.00				
Norway		2.50	3.00				
Red		2.50	3.50				
Siberian, 3-4 ft				· · · <u>· · · ·</u> · · ·			
Maple, Soft or Silver	.75	1.00	1.50	2.50	4.00	5.00	6.00
Wier's Cut-leaved	1.50	2.00	3.00	4.00			
Mountain Ash, European	1.50	2.00	3.00	5.00	7.00		
Weeping	1.00	5.00					
Mulberry, Russian	1.00	2.00					
Tea's Weeping		3.50	1.50				
Poplar, Balsam		1.00	1.50				
Bolleana		2.00	3.00	4.00			
Canadian	.50	.75	1.00				
Lombardy	.50	1.50	2.00	3.00	4.00		
Carolina	.50	.75	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	
Norway	.50	1.50	1.00 2.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	
Silver	1.00	2.00	2.00				
Walnut, Black	.50	1.00	1.50	2.50			
Willow, Golden	.50	1.00	1.50	2.50			
Laurel-leaved Niobe Weeping		1.50	2.50				
****		1.00	2.50				
	.75	1.00	2.00	2.50			
Wisconsin Weeping	.13	1.00	2.00	2.50		1	

We have an unequaled lot of mountain ash grown in our nursery, well branched, beautiful trees. Place your order now.

Evergreens

R OSE HILL EVERGREENS give immediate landscape effect. Prices quoted below include all trees dug with a ball of soil and burlapped. Smaller sizes not balled will be quoted on request.

SPREAD IN INCH				IES	HEIGHT AND PRICE					
VARIETIES	12 in.	18 in.	24 in.	30 in.	2-3 ft.	3-4 ft.	4-5 ft.	5-6 ft.	6-7 ft.	7-8 ft.
Arbor Vitae, American		\$6.00	\$7.50	\$9.00	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$7.50	\$10.00	\$15.00	\$20.00
Pyramidal			5.00		6.00 7.50	9.00	12.00	16.00		1
Cedar, Red					5.00 4.00	7.50 5.00	10.00 7.50	15.00 10.00		
Juniper, Savin's				10.00	In the second	5.00	7.50			
Ponderosa						5.00	7.50 7.50			
Spruce, Black HillsColorado Blue						6.00	8.00 16.00	12.00 20.00	18.00 25.00	
Koster's						5.00	7.50	25.00 10.00	30.00	
White					3.50	5.00	8.00	10.00		

We have a full line of Evergreens at splendid values. Order now. Use Evergreens for winter effect.

Perennial Flowers

THROUGHOUT the season we have a continuous display of color and beauty. From the early hardy pansy to the late fall aster, we find the reward for planting these old fashioned favorites in an increasing number of flowers for home and friends.

VARIETY	Each
Achillea Eupatorium—Fern-leaved Yarrow	.\$.35
Millefolium Roseum—Rosy Milfoil	35
Ptarmica Boule de Neiga—Ball of Snow	25
Ptarmica Fl. P.—The Pearl	25
Aconitum Napellus Bicolor-Monkshead	
Sparks Variety	50
Anchusa Italica—Dropmore Variety	.40
Italica—Opal	.40
Anthemis Tinctoria—Golden Marguerite	25
Aquilegia Canadensis—Columbine	25
Coerulea	25
Chrysantha	25
Alba	25
Mixed	
Artemesia Frigida-Colorado Mountain Fringe	15
Asters, Fall Blooming or Michaelmas Daises	25
Novi Angliae	25
Novi Belgii—Perry's Pink	25
Belamcanda Chinensis—Blackberry Lily	25
Bocconnia Cordata—Plume Poppy	.35
Boltonia Asteroides—False Chamomile	25
Latisquama	25
Campanula Calycanthema—Cup and Saucer	
Carpatica—Carpathian Harebell (Blue)	35
Carpatica Alba	35
Medium—Canterbury Bells	35
Percisifolia—Peach Bells	35
Pyramidalis—Chimney Bellflower	35
Chinese Lantern Plant	.25
Clematis Recta—Shrubby Clematis	50
Davidana	50
Coreopsis Lanceolata—Tickseed	25
,	

VARIETY	Each
Dahlia, Clifford W. Bruton-Canary Yellow	.\$.25
Golden Wedding—Golden Yellow	
Grand Duke Alexis—White	25
Jack Rose—Crimson	
Kriemhilde—Rose Pink.	
Lyndhurst—Bright Red	
Red Hussar—Cardinal Red	25
Red Hussar—Cardinal Red	
Sylvia—Deep Pink	25
Delphinium Belladonna—Larkspur	
Chinense	
Chinense Album	
Formosum.:	35
Gold Medal Hybrids	35
Dianthus-Hardy Garden Pinks	25
Barbatus-Šweet William	25
Latifolius Atrococcineus Fl. Pl	35
Newport Pink	25
Plumarius	25
Dicentra Spectabilis—Bleeding Heart	50
Digitalis Gloxiniaeflora—Fox Glove	35
Gradiflora	
Funkia Coerulea—Plantain Lily	
Subcordata Grandiflora	
Variegata	
Gaillardia Grandiflora—Blanket Flower	35
Gypsophila Paniculata—Baby's Breath	55
Flora Pleno—Double Baby's Breath	50
Gladiolus America—Pink	10
Baron Hulot—Indigo Blue	15
Chicago White—Early White	10
Distinction—Dark Red	15
Groff's Trophy Mixture—Assorted Colors	10

Perennial Flowers-Continued

VARIETY	(GLADIOLUS)	Each	VARIETY	Each
Halley-Pink		\$.15	Helenium Autumnale Superbum—Sneeze Wort	. \$.25
Mrs. Francis Ki	ng—Scarlet	10	Hoopesi	25
Niagara—Crean	n and Canary Yellow	15	Riverton Beauty	35
Panama—Deep	Pink	15	Riverton Gem	35
Primulinus—Éa	rly Yellow		Heliopsis Pitcheriana—Orange Sunflower	25
	son		Scabra Zinneaflora	25
Prince Pine—Cr	rimson with White	15	Hemerocallis Flava—Yellow Day Lily or Lemon Lily.	25
Schwaben—Soft	Sulphur Yellow	15	Florham	
	ark Scarlet		Fulva—Tawny Day Lily or Golden Lily	
	-Blush White, dark blotch		Fulva Fl. Pl.	
, 5				

IRIS

(Named Varieties)

(S) refers to upright petals or stards; (F) to dropping petals	
Falls.	Each
Brooklyn (S) procelain, (F)	0.25
light blue-veined russet\$ Canary Bird (S) bright yellow,	
(F) deep yellow	.25
Candiamus, blue	
Blue, (F) White with Blue	.25
Honorable (S) Yellow, (F) Bronze	.25
L'African (S) Rosy Purple, (F) Darker, Veined White	.25
Madam Chereau (S) Pure	.23
White Edged Blue, (F) White, Blue Penciling	.25
Mrs. H. Darwin, Large White	.25
Neclecta (S) Blue. (F) Deep	.25
Blue	
Veined Red Pallida Dalmatica (S) Laven-	.25
der, (F) Lavender, Shaded	
BlueQueen of the Gypsies (S) Dusky	.25
Bronze, (F) Purple Red	.25
Iris, Mixed Colors Iris, Kaempferi—Japanese Iris	.20
Iris, Pumila	.25
Iris, Siberian Blue Siberian White—Snow	.25
Queen	.35

Cultural Notes

TO BE successful with perennials and secure the best results, we must study the habits of growth and requirements of the varieties. A large measure of success can be secured by careful cultivation, after the plants have been started in good soil. When planting perennials set them so that the crown of the plant is at the ground surface. Flowers should be cut each day to secure profuse bloom throughout the season.

Watering should be thorough, being sure the plants secure a good deal of moisture throughout their entire root system. After such a watering, loosen the soil when dry and allow the plants to use the moisture. All perennials should have a light covering of straw or leaves in the fall to prevent thawing and freezing in late winter and early spring.

PHLOX

(Named Varieties)

(Named Varieties)	
	Each
Bridesmaid—White, Crimson Eye	\$.35
Elizabeth Campbell—Soft Pink, large, choice	.50
Etna—Crimson with Cherry Red Eye	.35
Fraulein G. Von Lassburg— Pure White	.35
Lothair—Bright Crimson	.35
Madame Bezanson—Best Crimson	.35
Miss Lingard-Earliest White	.35
Mrs. Jenkins-Early White	.35
Pantheon—Pure Pink	.35
R. P. Struthers—Rose Carmine, Claret Eye	.35
Richard Wallace—White, Violet, Red Eye	.35
Rosenberg-Crimson-Purple	.35
Rynstrom—Carmine Rose	.35
Sir Ed Landseer—Light Red, Rose Tinged	.35
Subulata—Moss Pink, Dwarf Pink or White	.35
Sunset—Dark, Rosy Pink	.35

VARIETY	Each	DEONIEC	
Heuchera Sanquinea—Coral Bells	\$ 50	PEONIES	
Alba	50	(Named Varieties)	
Alba		White Peonies	Each
Hibiscus Moscheutos—Crimson Eye Mallow	35	3-5 Eves	5-8 Eyes
Meehan's Mallow Marvels		Couronne d'Or	\$1.50
Hollyhocks, Double Red, White, Pink, Yellow a		DL J. N 75	
Maroon	25	Duchess de Nemours	1.50
Hollyhocks, Extra Heavy	50	Duke of Wellington	1.50
Lathyrus Latifolia—Hardy Sweet Pea	35	Festiva Maxima	1.00
Lillium Auratum—Gold Banded Lily	75	Golden Harvest	1.50
		La Tulipe	2.00
Elegans	23	Madam de Verneville	2.00
Myriophyllum—Regal Lily	75	Madame Crousse	2.00
Speciosum Rubrum		Marie Lemoine	2.00
Tigrinum—Single Tiger Lily	25	Organ Victoria on Whither:	1.00
Tigrinum Fl. Pl.—Double Tiger Lily	50	Queen Victoria or Whitleyi	
Lily of the Valley—Convallaria Majalis	15	Walter Morgan—nearly Yellow 2.00	3.00
Člumps	50		
Linum—Flax	25	Pink Peonies	
Lobelia Cardinalis—Cardinal Flower	25	Empress	2.00
Lupinus Polyphyllus—Lupines	50	Floral Treasure	1.50
Lupinus I olyphyllus—Lupines			1.00
Lychnis Chalcedonica—Campion	25		1.00
Lysimachia Nummularia—Creeping Jenny	15	L'Esperance—Best Pink	
Monarda Didyma—Oswego Tea	25	Rosea Magna	1.50
Myosotis—Forget-me-not	25	Victor Tri-color	1.00

Perennial Flowers—Continued PEONIES—Continued

	PEONIES—Continued						
Red Peonies VARIETY Each							
VARIETY	3-5 Eyes 5-			sian Daisy\$.25			
Delachii		\$1.50	Leucanthemum-Ox-E	ye Daisy			
Francoise Ortegat		1.50	Uliginosum—Giant D Ranunculus—Buttercup	aisy			
Grandiflora Rubra	1.00	2.00	Ribbon Grass—Phalaris Ar				
Karl Rosenfield		1.50	Rudbeckia Laciniata—Gold	den Glow			
Louis Van Houtte Officinalis Rubra Pleno		1.50 2.00	Nitida—Autumn Sun				
Rubra Triumphans		1.50	Scabiosa Caucassica—Blue	ne Flower			
Rubra Superba	1.00	2.00	Sedum Spectabilis—Showy	Sedum			
Peony, Double Red, Pink,		1.00	Shasta Daisy-Alaska				
Papaver Nudicaule—Icelan	d Poppy	25	Spirea Aruncus—Goat's B	eard			
Orientale—Princess V	ictoria Louise	35					
Pennisetum Japonicum—Ja	apanese Grass	25		ender or Lavender Baby's			
Pentstemon Barbatus Torres			Stokesia Cyana—Cornflow				
			Valeriana Officinalis—Har				
Physostegia Virginica—Fal	se Dragonhead	25	Vinca Minor—Trailing M				
Platycodon Grandiflorum—							
Grandiflorum Album.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	25	Tucca Friameniosa—Adam	is Needle			
	Hardy EAC		bing Vines	EACH			
VARIETY	2 yrs.	3 yrs.	VARIETY	· 2 vrs. 3 vrs.			
Bittersweet or Climbing Cele	astrus \$.50	\$.75	Grape, Beta	\$.50 \$. 75			
Clematis Henryii		1.25	Honeysuckle, Scarlet Trum	pet			
Jackmanni	re 1.00	1.25 1.25	Yellow Trumpet Ivy, American or Virginia				
Paniculata		.75	Boston or Japan				
Virginiana		.75	Engelman's				
Dutchman's Pipe	1.00	1.25	Matrimony Vine				
		Fru					
				in growing fruits for over fifty			
years, we believe Nose Fili	_	_	you can get elsewhere at any APPLES	price.			
4-5 feet				t\$1.50 each			
Anisim 1		furnish la	rger trees. Prices on applica	tion.			
Duchess of Oldenburg	Longfield Malinda		Haralson, 4-5 ft. \$1.50 Northwestern Greening	Red Wing, 5-6 ft. \$1.50			
Goodhue, 5-6 ft. \$1.50	McMahon's White						
Hibernal			Okabena	Wealthy			
	Milwaukee		Patten's Greening	Wolf River			
Iowa Beauty	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00		Patten's Greening Peerless				
Iowa Beauty	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a		Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples.	Wolf River Yellow Transparent			
Iowa Beauty Early Strawberry	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop		Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia			
Iowa Beauty	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a	nd price s	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant	Wolf River Yellow Transparent			
Iowa Beauty Early Strawberry	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop		Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia			
Iowa Beauty Early Strawberry Florence 4-5 feet	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop Lyman's Prolific	nd price s	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia Whitney \$2.00 each			
Iowa Beauty Early Strawberry Florence 4-5 feet	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop Lyman's Prolific .\$1.25 each 5-6 feet Si	PLU	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia Whitney Molf			
Iowa Beauty Early Strawberry Florence 4-5 feet	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop Lyman's Prolific \$1.25 each 5-6 feet Size a	PLU rprise	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant [MS]\$1.50 each 6-7 feet	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia Whitney **L\$2.00 each Wolf Compass Cherry-Plum			
Iowa Beauty Early Strawberry Florence 4-5 feet	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop Lyman's Prolific \$1.25 each 5-6 feet Size a	PLU arprise erry NG FARM	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia Whitney **L\$2.00 each Wolf Compass Cherry-Plum			
Loring Prize Plum, 5-6 feet Loring Prize Plum, 5-6 feet	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop Lyman's Prolific \$1.25 each 5-6 feet So To OTA FRUIT BREEDII	PLU Arprise PTY NG FARM Each \$2.00	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant IMS \$1.50 each 6-7 feet M PLUMS"—(Except Loring Elliot, 5-6 feet	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia Whitney Molf Compass Cherry-Plum Prize Plum) Each \$2.00			
Iowa Beauty Early Strawberry Florence 4-5 feet	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop Lyman's Prolific .\$1.25 each 5-6 feet Si To OTA FRUIT BREEDII	PLU arprise erry NG FARM Each .\$2.00	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant IMS\$1.50 each 6-7 feet M PLUMS"—(Except Loring Elliot, 5-6 feet	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia Whitney 4\$2.00 each Wolf Compass Cherry-Plum River Plum) Each \$2.00 2.00			
Loring Prize Plum, 5-6 feet Loring Prize Plum, 5-6 feet	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop Lyman's Prolific \$1.25 each 5-6 feet. To OTA FRUIT BREEDII	PLU arprise erry NG FARM Each \$2.00 2.00 2.00	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant IMS\$1.50 each 6-7 feet M PLUMS"—(Except Loring Elliot, 5-6 feet Monitor, 5-6 feet Goldenrod, 5-6 feet	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia Whitney Molf Compass Cherry-Plum Prize Plum) Each \$2.00			
Iowa Beauty Early Strawberry Florence 4-5 feet	Erickson, 5-6 ft. \$2.00 HARI Size a Hyslop Lyman's Prolific \$1.25 each 5-6 feet To OTA FRUIT BREEDII HANSEN	PLU arprise erry NG FARN Each \$2.00 2.00 1.5 HY	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant IMS\$1.50 each 6-7 feet M PLUMS"—(Except Loring Elliot, 5-6 feet Monitor, 5-6 feet Goldenrod, 5-6 feet BRID PLUMS\$1.50 each 6-7 feet	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia Whitney ***			
Early Strawberry Florence 4-5 feet	HARI Size a Hyslop Lyman's Prolific \$1.25 each 5-6 feet TO OTA FRUIT BREEDII HANSEN \$1.25 each 5-6 feet	PLU arprise erry NG FARM Each \$2.00 2.00 1.5 HY	Patten's Greening Peerless AB APPLES ame as Apples. Minnesota Transcendant IMS\$1.50 each 6-7 feet M PLUMS"—(Except Loring Elliot, 5-6 feet Monitor, 5-6 feet Goldenrod, 5-6 feet (BRID PLUMS)	Wolf River Yellow Transparent Virginia Whitney 4 \$2.00 each Wolf Compass Cherry-Plum Reprize Plum Each \$2.00 2.00 2.00			

Fruits--Continued

CHERRIES

4-5 feet	\$1.50 each	5-6 feet	\$2.00 each
Early Richmond	Homer	Wragg	Zumbra Cherry
	Rocky Mountain Dwarf Cherry, 2-3 ft., 50 ce	ents each; 3-4 ft., 75 cents each.	· ·

	0.			
CURRANTS	BLACKBERRIES			
Cherry \$.40 Fay's Prolific .40 London Market .40 North Star .40 Perfection .50 Pomona .40	Doz. \$4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 5.00 4.00	Ancient Britton \$2.00 \$8.00 Lucretia 2.00 8.00 Snyder 2.00 8.00		
Prince Albert .40 Red Dutch .40 Stewart Seedling .40 White Grape .40	4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00	GRAPES Each Doz. Alpha. \$.50 \$5.00 Beta, Hardy without covering .50 5.00		
GOOSEBERRIES		Hungarian .50 5.00 Agawam .40 4.00		
Carrie Each Downing .40 Houghton .40 Pearl .40 Red Jacket, or Joselyn .40	Doz. \$4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00	Campbell's Early .50 5.00 Concord .40 4.00 Delaware .40 4.00 Moore's Early .40 4.00 Pocklington .40 4.00 Worden .40 4.00		

RASPBERRIES

VARIETY	Per Doz.	Per 100	VARIETY	Per Doz.	Per 100
Columbian, Purple Golden Queen, Yellow Gregg, Black King, Red Latham, or No. 4, Best Red Louden, Red	2.50 2.00 2.00 2.00	10.00 8.00 8.00 7.00	Miller, Red. Minnetonka Ironclad, Red. Ohio, Black. St. Regis Ever-bearing. Sunbeam, Red.	2.00 2.00 2.50	8.00 8.00 10.00

EVER-BEARING STRAWBERRIES

All Ever-bearing Varieties, 25 for \$1.50, \$4.00 per 100 Superb

Progressive, Best

JUNE-BEARING STRAWBERRIES

Those marked (S) have perfect blossoms and will fruit alone; those marked (P) have imperfect blossoms and should have (S) varieties planted with them to insure their fruiting. Ever-bearing varieties are self-fertilizing.

All June-bearing Varieties, 25 for 75 cents, 100 for \$2.00, 1,000 for \$12.00

Bederwood (S) Crescent (P) Haverland (P) Minnesota, or No. 3 (S) Senator Dunlap (S) Best Splendid (S) Warfield (P)

Duluth or No. 1017

ASPARAGUS

50 cents per dozen, \$3.00 per 100 Clumps, 25 cents each, \$2.50 per dozen. Conover's Colossal—Columbian Mammoth White

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

25 cents each, \$2.50 per dozen. Clumps, 50 cents each, \$5.00 per dozen. Linneaus

Victoria

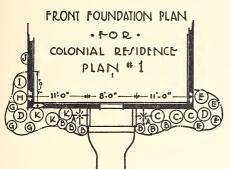
It Pays to Buy Good Nursery Stock

ANY A MAN intensely practical in his own business will without thought give his nursery order to anyone soliciting the same, without stopping to consider whether his stock will be delivered to him in fresh, healthy condition, whether it will be packed properly to insure its arrival in good condition, or whether the seller is responsible and can be easily reached for replacements or adjustments that may arise in the future. He may waste years waiting for results about the home rather than buy from reliable responsible, nurserymen and get satisfaction and joy from the start. Poor stock is dear at any price paid.

NURSERY RUN SPECIAL OFFER EXTRA HEAVY STOCK Plan No. 1 . . . \$25.00 Plan No. 2 12.75 Plan No. 1......\$22.00 Plan No. 5......\$13.00 Plan No. 5......\$16.75 Plan No. 2..... 10.25 Plan No. 6...... 14.00 Plan No. 6...... 15.50 Plan No. 3...... 12.00 Plan No. 3..... 10.00 Plan No. 7...... 13.00 Plan No. 7...... 17.00 Plan No. 4..... Plan No. 4.....

PLANTING

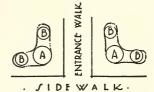
PREPARED BY ROSE HILL NUR/ERY . H.G. LOFTUS . LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. WE OFFER THESE PLANS TO OUR CUSTOMERS - PLANS MAY BE MODIFIED TO FIT INDIVIDUAL NEEDS .



KEY-	NO.	VARIETY	SIZF
Α	2	AMERICAN ARBOR VITAE	3-4 FT-
В	6	JAPANESE BARBERRY	18-24 IN
C	3	LEMOINE SYRINGA	3-4 FT
D	2	SPIREA (BRIDAL WREATH)	3-4 "
-	3	HILLS OF SNOW HYDRANGE	
F	1	DOUBLE FLOWERING PLUM	3 -4 "
G	3	HARDY HYDRANGEA	2-3"
	1	HIGH BUSH CRANDERRY	3-4 1
J J	1	MOCK ORANGE SYRINGA	3-4 "
J	1	ENGLEMANS IVY	
K.	3	COTONEASTER.	3-4"

GARAGE .

. THRUBS USED FOR PLAN *1



ENTRANCE WALK PLANTING PLAN #4 .

SHRUBS.

KEY NO. VARIETY SIZE A 2 ROSA RUGOSA DBL-RED 2-3 FT. D 4 JAPANESE BARBERRY 18-241N.

PLAN #5

JIZE

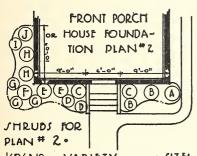
2-3 FT.

4-5 "

3-4 "

4-5 3-4"

3-4"

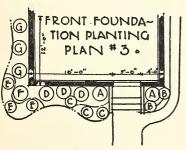


KEY	·NC	. VARIETY	SIZE
Α	1	LEMOINE SYRINGA	5-4 FT.
В	2	SNOWBERRY	2-3"
C	2	SPIREA (BRIDAL WREATH	1) 3-4"
D	2	JAPANESE BARBERRY	18-24 IN-
F	2	ROJA RUGOSA DOL RED	2-3 FT.
F	1	PERSIAN LILAC	4 - 5 FT
Ġ	3	HILLS OF SNOW HYDRAN	GEA 2-3 FT.
н	2	ASH LEAVED SPIREA	3-4 FT
1	1	MORROWS HONEYOU	KLE 4-5 FT
J	1	LARGE FLOWERED SYRIN	IGA 3-4"



L

(F)



SHRUBS USED FOR PLAN # 3

KFY.	NO.	VAR	LIFT	Υ	5	ZF
Α	2 LEP	MOINE	54	RINGA	3.	-4 FT.
В	2 DX	JARF S	PIREA	-FROE	BELI I	8-24 IN
C	3 JA	PANE	F BA	RBERI	24 18	-24 "
D	3 AR	GUTA	JPIR	LEA	3	- 4 FT.
۴	3 H/	ARDY	HYDR	LANGE	A 2	-3"
-				PLUN		-4"
Ġ				AL WR		



SHRUBS USED FOR PLAN # 6

KEY NO. VARIETY 512F 1 COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE 3 JAPANESE BARBERRY 3-4 fT. 18-24 IN 4-5 FT 1 CARAGANA PEA TREE 2 SPIREA VAN HOUTTE 3-4"
3 HILLS OF SNOW HYDRANGEA 2-3"



PLAN # 7 PERENNIALS USED IN PLAN # 7.

> KEY NO. VARIETY 5 ASTER NOVI ANGLARA SHASTA DAISY COLUMBINES. LARKSPUR HOLLY HOCKS GAILLARDIA IRIS . HARDY PHLOX

